

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

VOL. XXXIII, NO. 27.

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1942.

\$2.00 PER ANNUM.



"Serve the Church that the Church May Serve You."

CENTRAL UNITED CHURCH BLAIRMORE

Rev. E. B. Arrol, B.A., Minister

Services Sunday next:

11.00 a.m., Senior school.

2.00 p.m., Junior school.

7.30 p.m., Public worship.

Wednesday, 8 p.m., Prayer service.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH, BLAIRMORE

Rev. J. R. Hague, A.B., Incumbent

Services Sunday next—

10 a.m., Sunday School.

7.30 p.m., Evensong and sermon.

SALVATION ARMY, COLEMAN

Lieut. R. D. Marks, Officer in Charge

Sunday services:

10.30 a.m., Y.P. Directory Class.

11.00 a.m., Business Meeting.

3.00 p.m., Sunday School.

7.30 p.m., Salvation Meeting.

Tuesday: 7.30 p.m., Red Shield Auxiliary and Home League.

Thursday: 8 p.m., Praise Meeting.

Funerals and dedications on application to the local officer.

Report from Victoria states that the Emerald property of Iron Mountain Mines Limited, near Salmo, B.C., has been taken over by Wartime Metals Corporation, a Dominion-government operating company, and is being managed for the present by the B.C. Department of Mines' engineers pending appointment of a resident manager. The tungsten discovery on this property was announced some time ago, and turned out to be highly encouraging. The \$1,000,000 worth of ore announced a few weeks ago as a possibility, is now an assured fact, and the property is improving day by day. It is believed to be the most promising tungsten property in Canada.

J. CHARBONNIER PASSES

Jules Charbonnier, 65, former general manager and vice-president of the West Canadian Collieries, Ltd., passed away in a Calgary hospital on Monday morning after a brief illness. Born in Mouchard, France, he came to Blairmore 29 years ago. He was a member of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy.

Surviving are his widow, Marie, of Nice, France; one son, Marcel, of Blairmore. A son, Pierre, died in France several years ago following an accident.

The remains were brought to Blairmore on Wednesday morning, and internment took place in St. Anne's cemetery following service at St. Anne's church at 10.30, conducted by Rev. L. Sullivan, of Coleman.

FOUR WEEKS' SUGAR SUPPLY CAN BE BOUGHT

Revision of the sugar rationing regulations to allow consumers to buy four weeks' supply at one time was announced on September 8th by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board. Simultaneously, the board announced abolition of sugar purchase vouchers for home canning after September 30th, and new quota systems for industrial users, public caterers and institutions.

India's total area is 1,567,000 square miles, with a population of 388,800,000. One out of every five persons in the world is an Indian.

Blairmore Schools

Accommodation is available at the Central School for not more than one beginner, and not more than six beginners at the West End School. Children attaining their Sixth Year of age after December 31st, 1942, may now be enrolled, but strictly according to seniority and to the extent only of such accommodation. Parents will please register with the undersigned not later than Monday, September 14.

C. M. LABALESTIER, Secretary-Treasurer.

Attention Parents

Children under school age and infants should be registered before September 21st at the Town Office for vaccination and inoculation against Smallpox and Diphtheria.

L. FAY WILLOWS, R.N., School Nurse.

BELLEVUE FLOWER SHOW AGAIN WELL ATTENDED

The annual exhibition of the Bellevue and District Horticultural and Industrial Society on Monday again proved a big drawing card for people of the entire district, all of whom were pleased at the splendid display of flowers, vegetables, school art, etc. Assistant Superintendent A. E. Palmer, of the Lethbridge Dominion experimental farm, acted as judge, and expressed himself as highly pleased with the high quality of items exhibited.

Number of entries was slightly less than in former years. Mrs. Palmer judged the cooking and needlework.

Connected with the day's activities was a programme of sports, and at night a grand dance in the L.O.O.F. hall brought the proceedings to a close.

Officers of the association are: W. Kerr, president; J. H. Cousens, vice-president; C. W. Johnson, secretary-treasurer.

Following is a list of the prize winners, in order first, second and third, except as noted:

VEGETABLES

Best garden display of vegetables—T. Clayton, A. Causey, R. Glover.

Best collection of vegetables—R. Glover, A. Causey, G. Goodwin.

White potatoes—R. Glover (1, 2, 3). Colored potatoes—R. Glover, T. Clayton, R. Glover.

Kidney white potatoes—R. Glover (1, 2, 3). Kidney colored potatoes—R. Glover (1, 3). S. Humble (2).

Other variety potatoes—N. Spooner (1, 2), J. Radford, Jr. (3).

Cauliflower—R. Glover, A. Causey, J. Radford, Jr.

Cenical cabbage—N. Spooner (1), R. Glover (2, 3).

Round cabbage—A. Causey (1), R. Glover (2, 3).

Savoy cabbage—A. Causey (1, 3), T. Clayton (2).

Red cabbage—T. Clayton (1), A. Causey (2).

Curly kale—N. Spooner (1, 3), R. Glover (2).

Kohl rabi—R. Glover (1, 2, 3). Swede turnip—J. Curry (3), R. Glover (2, 3).

White turnip—E. Cole (1, 2, 3). Yellow turnip—E. Cole (1, 2), A. Causey (3).

Long carrots—N. Spooner, A. Causey, T. Clayton.

Intermediate carrots—N. Spooner (1, 2), J. Cousens (3).

Short carrots—D. Hutton, G. K. Sirett, A. Causey.

Leeks—G. Goodwin (1, 2), J. Dawson (3).

Onions from sets—S. Humble (1, 2), R. Glover (3).

Onions from seed—G. Goodwin (1), T. Clayton (2, 3).

Red onions—T. Clayton (1, 2, 3). Yellow onions—N. Spooner (1, 2, 3). Red shallots—T. Clayton (1, 2), S. Humble (3).

Multipliers—R. Glover, J. Boyle, J. Radford, Jr.

Long beans—T. Clayton (1), A. Causey (2, 3).

Any other variety beans—J. Radford, Jr. (1, 2), E. Cole (3).

Paranips—J. Curry (1, 3), T. Clayton (2).

Salsify—A. Causey, J. Curry, T. Clayton.

Radish—R. Glover, J. Cousens, T. Clayton.

White celery—R. Glover, G. Goodwin, A. Causey.

Red celery—A. Causey (1, 2), G. Goodwin.

Curled lettuce—A. Causey (1, 2), E. Cole (3).

Cabbage lettuce—G. K. Sirett (1, 2), A. Causey (3).

Collection of peas—J. Cousens (1, 3), B. Saynor, (2).

Pint shelled peas—J. Cousens, T. Clayton, R. Glover.

Long pod broad beans—T. Clayton, J. Curry, A. Causey.

Short pod Windsor beans—J. Curry

(3), A. Causey (2).

Wax beans—J. Cousens (1, 2, 3). Dwarf green beans—W. Goodwin (1), G. K. Sirett (2, 3).

Runner beans—G. K. Sirett (1, 2, 3). Frame cucumbers—G. K. Sirett (1, 3), T. Clayton (2).

Rhubarb—J. Boyle, G. Goodwin, G. K. Sirett.

Swiss chard—A. Causey (1, 3), J. Curry (2).

White vegetable marrow—N. Spooner (1), W. Goodwin (2).

Green vegetable marrow—N. Spooner (1), G. K. Sirett (2).

Large pumpkin—N. Spooner (1, 2), Parsley—A. Causey (1, 2).

Mangel wurtzel—T. Clayton (1, 2), A. Causey (3).

Collection of herbs—T. Clayton (1). Peppers and plants—G. Goodwin (1), T. Clayton (2, 3).

Egg plant—T. Clayton (1, 2), N. Spooner (3).

Red tomatoes—G. K. Sirett (1, 2, 3). Yellow tomatoes—T. Clayton (1, 2 and 3).

Green tomatoes—N. Spooner (1, 2), G. K. Sirett (3).

Fancy tomatoes—S. Humble (1, 2 and 3).

Citron—T. Clayton (1, 2). Melons—T. Clayton (1).

Other variety of vegetable—T. Clayton (1, 3), S. Humble (2).

Other variety of fruit—S. Humble (1), R. Glover (2, 3).

FLOWERS

Best artistic table display—Mrs. Curry (1), Mrs. Spooner (2, 3).

Best bouquet garden flowers—Mrs. Spooner (1), Mrs. Humble (2).

Best arranged bouquet flowers—Mrs. Humble (1), Mrs. Spooner (2).

Balance of winners next week.

"V"

Unofficial count of Dieppe battle casualties is now placed at 864.

The Louis and Billy Conn will meet in a heavyweight championship fight on October 12.

And now they're getting down to water in powdered form. You simply have to spit on a tablespoonful to make a drink.

Harry R. Webb, 41, professor of engineering at the University of Alberta, and Bruce Broderick, 29, provincial forest ranger at Kananaskis, were killed on Saturday when they fell 1,500 feet from a cliff.

Squadron Leader Lionel Conacher, sports director of the Royal Canadian Air Force, is on a trip to Western Canada to organize the R.C.A.F. hockey programme for the coming winter.

Owing to the serious illness of Mr. Steiner, junior, residing near the main river on Sixth Avenue north, the Poole Construction Company were obliged to suspend dredging operations on Tuesday. Dredging resumed on Wednesday forenoon. Mr. Steiner is suffering from an attack of pneumonia.

A representative of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, of Lethbridge, will be in The Pass in the near future checking up on ceiling prices and rentals. Any complaints along these lines can be lodged with the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, McFarland, Building, Lethbridge.

Radio listeners in Southern Alberta may expect to hear a new voice in the air within the next couple of weeks. CIOG, Lethbridge, is presently installing its new thousand-watt equipment and engineers are expected to be testing at an early date. Regular operation of the new station is expected by October 1st on its new frequency of 1060 kilocycles.

A real contest is on trying to decide on the ages of Bill Gate, of Coleman, and Tony Vejprava, of Blairmore, real players of hockey and baseball in the Crows' Nest Pass. They have been the backbone of the two sports in the southern part of the province for some considerable time, and some means should be undertaken to honor them.

NATIONAL SELECTIVE SERVICE, BLAIRMORE

The National Selective Service office in Blairmore is a beshive of activity these days, issuing employment permits and interviewing applicants for the required information under the new regulations.

The applications are from persons who seek employment or information concerning the new system. Agricultural workers are exempt from the permit regulation and can transfer from one farm to another at will. They are, however, prevented from transferring from farm labor to some other type of employment.

All employers must have a permit from the employees before engaging him or her. Seven days notice, exclusive of the day in which notice is given, applies to both employer and employee.

Anyone seeking further information please call at the Unemployment Insurance office in the Beatrice Apartments, West Blairmore.

During the coming week, Sept. 14 to 19, all females, married or single, born in the years 1918 to 1922 inclusive, who are not now in possession of unemployment insurance cards, also all those who have such cards in their possession, but who are not employed in insurable employment. Those who need not register are inmates of institutions such as hospitals and mental hospitals, members of religious orders and those who are in possession of either of the two unemployment insurance cards 411 or 413, and who are now in insurable employment.

If you are now employed and have U.I.C. 411 or 413, bring it with you when registering.

"V"

MARRIAGE BOOSTS PRICES

A house painter, less than a million miles from Blairmore is said to have published the following announcement in the local paper:

"To the public: The reason why I have been able to do painting so much cheaper than anybody else is because I am a bachelor and do not need to make a profit for the maintenance of a wife and children. This now my duty to inform the public that this advantage will shortly be withdrawn, as I am about to be married. You will therefore do well to send in your orders at once for the old rate."

"V"

William Koentges is confined to his home at Bellevue through illness.

A change in Greyhound bus schedule becomes effective on Tuesday next.

Keep this date open. St. Luke's Guild Tea and Sale will be held on Saturday, November 14th.

We received a newspaper the other day wrapped in a provincial government cheque. Of course, it was a blank cheque.

Some water in the Pass should be either boiled or diluted with alcohol of some sort before drinking. The ordinary alcohol will kill any germs.

A new problem being considered in Blairmore right now is how to build pack trails around the new mountains created by the dredging outfit.

Harvest-Thanksgiving service will be held in Central United Church on Sunday next at 7.30 p.m. Those who wish to contribute in any way are asked to leave their gifts at the church on Saturday afternoon. The ladies will be on hand to decorate at 8 o'clock in the evening.

Capt. R. R. MacDonald, C.J.W.S.C., R.M.C., arrived from Kingston, Ontario, today, to spend a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Angus MacDonald. Since leaving Kingston he has visited the Pacific coast, and called on his sister, Mrs. Peter Wasnock, at Port Angeles, Washington.

COWLEY HAPPENINGS

Miss Dorcas Wilson, of Pincher Creek, was the guest of Miss Edith Murphy over the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilfrid Fortier were Calgary visitors on Sunday.

Harvesting has been held up again through heavy rain on Thursday.

Mrs. A. Ironmonger and two children, of Burnis, are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. George Porter and family.

Henry Franz left early this week for the State of Washington, where he will remain some considerable time with his brother on the farm at Cheney.

Norman McMillan, of the R.C.A.F., stationed at Hagersville, Ontario, is home on a two weeks furlough with his parents.

Mrs. G. Connaty and family, of Macleod, have taken up residence in the W. E. Tustian residence in the west end.

Mrs. C. J. Bundy is an inmate in St. Vincent's hospital at Pincher Creek.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Tustian and M. A. Murphy were visitors to Bellevue on Monday, taking in the flower show, pronouncing it very good.

Mrs. James Lote enjoyed a recent visit from her father, Mr. S. Turner, of Calgary.

Jack Welsh and Paul Potapoff have treated their residences to new coats of shingles.

A meeting of the shareholders of the Livingstone Mutual Telephone Co. was held here on Saturday.

Jimmie Gunn and Mrs. Mollie Milvain, of Calgary, spent the week end with their parents here, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Gunn.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Swart returned Tuesday from a visit of several weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Norman Horning at De Winton, and Mr. and Mrs. Archie Watson in Lethbridge.

Mrs. and Mrs. Gillies Murphy, Lethbridge, were week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Murphy.

Nick Papp is attending high school at Pincher Creek, taking Grade XII.

C. J. Bundy was a Friday visitor to Lethbridge.

Mrs. Huntley, of Macleod, was a visitor here on Tuesday.

Mrs. Dogtrod and two children, of Lethbridge, paid a recent visit to Mr. and Mrs. Percy Burles.

Miss Nellie McWilliam, accompanied by her mother, visited Calgary over the week end.

Roy Easterbrook, inspector of grain elevators, when at High River, had the misfortune to fall 25 feet, breaking three ribs. He is now in Holy Cross hospital at Calgary, and will be bedfast for several weeks, we regret to say.

X. C. Kaupp and Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Murphy were visitors to Waterton Park on Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Jean and Connie Porter, of Parkland, spent the week end at their home here.

Miss Helen Dutil was a recent guest of Miss B. Ouellet at Pincher Creek.

Private Clara MacDonald, C.W.A.C., is down from Currie barracks on a visit to her mother and sisters in Bellevue.

Pincher Creek's new school principal, W. Galt, has been called to Ottawa for research work in the war effort. He is being succeeded by James M. Putnam, of Edmonton.

Item in Pincher Creek Echo this week: "If you want ye editor for the next week or so, you will find him on a binder garnering the crop. In the meantime the editorial column will have to quieten down while the good weather lasts."

There is a strong agitation on in Fernie district to boost Tom Uphill for the post of minister of public works, to take the place of the late Hon. Bruhn. The Fernie Free Press claims that the position of minister of mines would suit Tom better.

BREAD is Dominion's Best and Cheapest Source of Energy

CANADIANS are fortunate that bread—so easy and economical to buy—plays such a large part in keeping them well, strong and energetic. Bread—the wholesome, nourishing loaf made by your baker—supplies one-quarter of the food energy of the Dominion.

Bread supplies valuable carbohydrates. Bread releases its energy quickly, supplies it for hours. And, with its modern milk content, bread supplies important protein for the building and repair of muscular energy.

Keep vital... fit for life's emergencies—eat more bread!

YOUR BAKER'S SKILL, scientific equipment—and the finest ingredients—give you a loaf unsurpassed in wholesomeness and delicious flavor.

MEADE'S BAKING SERVICE
Phone 74w BELLEVUE Alberta

Picobac
It does taste good
in a pipe!
GROWN IN SUNNY, SOUTHERN ONTARIO

A Permanent Peace

NO MATTER HOW LONG the present war continues, there can be only one outcome. The nations ranged on the side of the democracies have solemnly pledged to continue the struggle until final victory is attained. If the war should be prolonged, there will no doubt be further peace-offerings from the enemy nations, who may ask for an armistice, with a view to a patched-up peace. As the enemy has undertaken to wage a total war, so must the Allied Nations be just as determined to continue the struggle until the final peace is won. There can be no sentimentalism about when the curtain is rung down on the final act.

There is a school of thought that enunciates the view, that inasmuch as from time immemorial there have always been wars, that this curse of humanity must inevitably continue. Within the lifetime of the present generation we have witnessed two world wars, and it is unconceivable to think that we are doomed, either ourselves or our children, to endure another world cataclysm. We are a peaceful people, and as such, why should we be called on to defend ourselves from other war-like and predatory nations. We are, however, given to understand from views expressed by prominent statesmen and war leaders that we are now fighting for a permanent peace, and that steps will be taken to make sure that in future the peace will be maintained.

A Policy Needed

The only method by which this high purpose can be attained, would seem to be primarily by a unification of the English-speaking world, and with the aid of the other peace-loving peoples which comprise the United Nations. The man-power and resources of this continent, coupled with the might of the British Empire, should act as a strong deterrent to any act of aggression. It would require a permanent policy and a singleness of purpose to attain this much-desired end. One of the lessons we have learned from this war is that no country, no matter how distant from the seat of trouble, can escape from its terrors. The airplane has annihilated distances, and the world has become shrunken in this respect. Isolationism can be likened to the proverbial ostrich who hides his head in the sand to escape his enemies. Our only hope then is for a new and revised League of Nations that will stand the test of time.

Eggs—White Or Brown



THIS MORNING ON MILLIONS OF BREAKFAST TABLES—

Eggs helped to get the families off to a good start for the day, and in millions of other homes eggs will continue the good work at lunch and dinner. In varied dress—as golden scrambled, poached on toast, hard or soft in their shells, "sunrise" up with ham, or hidden away in muffins or desert—eggs are good for us at any meal.

A "MUST" FOOD—

Eggs are one of the "must" foods. Even when budgets are limited, at least three or four eggs a week are needed for each person. If possible one egg a day for each child and each grown-up is recommended and sometimes two.

WHATS IN AN EGG?—

Eggs are rich in: from—one of the minerals our bodies need. Vitamins A and C. Good quality protein—important for children. They contain also some Vitamin D.

STYLES IN SHELLS—

Some people like white shelled eggs while others prefer them brown. The color of the shell is related to the kind of hen. Leghorns lay white eggs; most other hens lay brown eggs. The color of the shell has nothing to do with age, condition or flavor of eggs. Flavor depends mostly on what the hens eat. Grade for grade, white eggs and brown eggs are the same.

YOLKS—LIGHT OR DARK?—

Many people think the color of the yolk indicates its "freshness"—the orange ones being older. This is not true for color depends on the hen's food and may vary from light yellow to deep orange and the egg still be of excellent quality.

COOLESS PREFERRED—

Once a good egg, not always a good egg—unless properly cared for. Eggs, like milk, are perishable, and should be kept in a cool place—in your refrigerator, if possible.

THE ART OF COOKING EGGS—

High temperatures make egg white tough. Today, the best cook doesn't boil eggs. Instead she puts the egg in cold water, brings it to a boil, covers, and turns off the heat. The egg should stand in the water for three minutes (soft cooked) and 20-25 minutes (hard cooked).

Scrambled eggs are best cooked in a double boiler, instead of directly over the heat. A moderate oven should be used for such dishes as custards, souffles, and cakes.

On the vitamin chart, free on postal card request to the Western Division Health League of Canada, 111 Avenue Road, Toronto, you can further explore the importance of eggs in your diet.

NO MORE PILLS AND POWDERS FOR US...WE'VE DISCOVERED ALL-BRAN!

Says Mrs. William Brady, Pardee, Ontario: "We have been suffering for years from constipation. We found out about ALL-BRAN when we knew we'd never go back to pills or powders any more. KELLOGG'S ALL-BRAN is certainly the 'Better Way'."

"Better Way" to correct the cause of constipation is to lack of the right kind of "bulk" in your diet. But remember, ALL-BRAN doesn't work like cathartics. It takes place, Get ALL-BRAN at your grocer's, in two convenient size packages, or ask for the individual serving package at restaurants. Made by Kellogg's in London, Canada.

AIR TRAINING PLAN

LIST OF GRADUATES

The following students graduated under the British Commonwealth Air Training Plan from:

No. 1 Central Navigation School, Rivers, Man. (Air Observers)—

LAC. B. M. Andrew, Leithbridge, Alta.
LAC. J. B. Auld, Portage la Prairie, Man.
LAC. R. G. Cassidy, Drumheller, Alta.
LAC. J. G. Collins, Marchmont, Sask.
LAC. A. B. M. Dawson, Leithbridge, Alta.
LAC. C. I. Fairholm, McLeod, Alta.
LAC. M. W. Gilson, Meadow Lake, Sask.
LAC. A. T. Gibson, Edmonton, Alta.
LAC. W. N. Gray, Lundbreck, Alta.
LAC. S. W. A. Jackson, The Falls, Man.
LAC. M. Klyn, Estevan, Alta.
LAC. H. P. Laskowski, Glendon, Alta.
LAC. J. Lashin, Saskatoon, Sask.
LAC. C. P. Louth, Lockport, Man.
LAC. G. D. Mackinnon, New Westminster, B.C.
LAC. M. Olynck, Red Deer, Alta.
LAC. T. H. Parrell, Moose Jaw, Sask.
LAC. J. Perry, Leithbridge, Alta.
LAC. G. P. Pike, Manitow, Man.
LAC. J. Prosser, Regina, Sask.
LAC. D. V. V. Reid, Calgary, Alta.
LAC. J. H. Riva, Canmore, Alta.
LAC. H. Schneider, Brudenbury, Sask.
LAC. H. K. Scott, Edmonton, Alta.
LAC. M. Sheppard, Regina, Man.
LAC. J. E. Stokes, Piquet, Sask.
LAC. J. Swinton, Calgary, Alta.
LAC. J. Valentin, Brudenbury, Sask.
LAC. J. W. Williams, Elkhorn, Man.
LAC. H. M. Wright, Crossfield, Alta.
LAC. E. J. Stevenson, Regina, Sask.



CBC NATIONAL FARM RADIO FORUM

Although Municipal Health Services are doing a good job in Saskatchewan, a national plan is desirable, in the opinion of speakers heard from Regina, in a recent broadcast of the CBC's National Farm Radio Forum. The speakers were: C. H. Chapin of Strathburg, secretary-treasurer of the rural municipality of McKillop; Reeve M. S. Anderson of the same municipality; and Dr. E. Hitzman, resident physician of the McKillop health unit. Mr. Anderson, a Norwegian by birth and conversant with the highly-developed public health service of Norway, was one of the prime movers in the framing and passage of Saskatchewan's Municipal Medical and Hospital Services Act.

The plan discussed by the speakers has been in operation in McKillop municipality since 1933. Provincial and municipal authorities co-operate in the work, and individual residents pay an annual contribution which has been set at \$7.20. The doctor serves about 2100 persons in an area extending about 25 miles out from Strathburg, and also serves as Municipal Health Officer of four municipalities co-operating in the plan: Strathburg, Bulyea, Sifton and McKillop. He is paid an annual salary of \$4,000, and looks after all medical and surgical care outside of hospital and within the scope of local facilities. Hospital cases are sent to Regina, and the plan provides for a maximum of 21 days at public ward rates. It does not include dental treatment or eye examinations for glasses. Patients take care of their own transportation. X-rays and physiotherapy are included when requested by the local doctor or by a specialist.

It was generally agreed that public health had improved under the plan. Patients felt much freer to consult their local doctor about odd symptoms and in many cases more serious ailments were prevented by prompt treatment. Stress was laid upon the work in the district schools. The schools, twenty in all, had been visited, all children examined, and about 600 school and pre-school age children inoculated for diphtheria and scarlet fever, and vaccinated for smallpox.

It was stated that there were seven of these health units operating in Saskatchewan, and that other municipalities had passed bylaws and were awaiting the completion of their organizations. The health units kept in touch with one another through an association known as the Health Services Union, of which Mr. Chapin was secretary-treasurer. The chairman of this Union was Reeve George Bryce of Earl Grey, and the vice chairman, A. E. Jones of Lumsden.

Mr. Anderson stressed the point that health should be a national problem, and hoped that some day municipal boundaries could be disregarded and centres set up for medical treatment of all Canadians, wherever they might be. Dr. Hitzman said that from the doctor's point of view, perhaps the greatest benefit would be to national health as a result of early diagnosis and preventive treatment. The municipal plan, however, was working well in Mr. Chapin's opinion, and had given a sense of security to the people of the community.

VERY WONDERFUL

Captain George Fried, of the Bureau of Navigation, was talking about luxurious new liners. "A young man," he said, "crossed on the newest of these. His friends when he disembarked, asked him how he had enjoyed the trip."

"It was wonderful," he said, "why if I hadn't been seasick all the way I wouldn't have known I was on the ocean."

The Individual Citizen's Army

A Weekly Column About This And That In Our Canadian Army.
By Alan Maurice Irwin

A suit of battledress, as the only uniform available to a soldier, can be expected to last six months. If it is oiled out by the issue of a cotton drill uniform in the summer the length of time before replacement becomes necessary is lengthened by a few weeks. When, in addition, a soldier is issued with a "walking out" uniform to wear in the fall and winter months the battle-dress can be expected to last at least nine months.

What is all that about? You ask. Just that when you are clothing or equipping an army you think of durability, utility, and the public purse. The main idea is to give each soldier everything he needs—but nothing more than that.

Which is a good target for our soldiers in the individual citizen's army to set at. In other words, let's buy only what we need and preserve what we have.

There are many organizations in the Army charged with seeing that soldiers have everything they need, that they take care of what they have and that what is no longer usable for its primary purpose is salvaged for some other use.

We have dealt, from time to time, with the Ordnance Corps, the "Q", or Quartermaster-General's branch and the Royal Canadian Army Service Corps but so far we haven't got down to the housekeepers of the different units yet.

These "housekeepers" are the Quartermaster sergeants. There are two varieties, Regimental Quartermaster Sergeants and Company Quartermaster Sergeants. I nearly forgot the top man, the Quartermaster who is the responsible commissioned officer in each unit.

The unit organization is: Quartermaster, a commissioned officer, who is usually a captain; R.Q.M.S.s, a warrant officer, second class and a Squad, Battery, or Company Quartermaster Sergeant who is the senior non-commissioned officer of the company ranking next below the company Quartermaster-Major.

These men function as a supply service for the unit and are responsible for obtaining all arms, clothing, equipment and rations for the men in their care. But, and this is a big "but", they are also responsible for the care, maintenance and return of those articles or for a satisfactory explanation of clearance of them.

Thus, through this chain of responsibility, the people's property, watched, care is taken of the people's property used or worn by the soldiers and provision is made—through the chain of responsibility—for the collection and return to the Salvage Branch, R.C.O.C. of used or worn articles that can be repaired or otherwise salvaged.

"If it's good enough for the Army, it's good enough to the taxpayer." That would be a good motto for us to adopt. Then, conversely, "if it's not good enough for the taxpayer, it's not good enough for the Army," must be true, too.

That refers to material things. As regards the preservation and conservation of material things the Army can show the rest of us the way.

A full record of everything issued is kept in the Company and Regimental Quartermaster's store. That record shows just when Pte. John Canuck was issued with his coat or his battle-dress or his boots. It records the loss by Pte. Canuck of any of his equipment—and passed that information to the Paymaster so that deductions can be made.

Do we do that in our homes? In other words are we taking enough care of what we have to enable us to play our part in blocking the infiltration of inflation forces? Or are we rushing off to the store to buy something we don't need because the style has changed—or because we just plain want it?

I heard an indignant citizen (female) say the other day that she saw dresses in a window that "certainly had not been simplified." Sure! Why not? There are still many retailers who have clothes in store that were manufactured before the simplification orders were made. Are these to be wasted?

These are the things we must guard against. Turn that spare money for a new suit or coat into War savings, or save it for war taxes—in other words, do as the army does, make what you have last by taking care of it, by buying carefully in the first place.

The Wartime Prices and Trade Board has stated emphatically that the rationing of clothes is not imminent. But that does not mean we should go on buying sprees. 2480

BORN TO BE CRISP
Kellogg's RICE KRISPIES
SO CRISP THEY C-R-A-C-K-L-E IN CREAM!

GEMS OF THOUGHT

NECESSITY: A BLESSING

The best teacher one can have is necessity.—La Rone.

Necessity will teach a man, however slow he be, to be wise.—Burleigh.

Necessity is always the first stimulus to industry, and those who conduct it with prudence, perseverance, and energy will rarely fail.—Smiles.

Necessity of action takes away the fear of the act, and makes bold resolution the favorite of fortune.—Quarles.

Godliness or Christianity is a human necessity; man cannot live without it; he has no intelligence, health, hope, or happiness without godliness.—Mary Baker Eddy.

Want is a bitter and a hateful good. Because its virtues are not understood; Yet many things, impossible to thought. Have been by need to full perfection brought.—Dryden.

HAD TO EXPLAIN

Mrs. Newwood: "Henry, I thought you told me that your bank loaned money on notes."

Mr. Newwood: "So it does, dear. Why?"

Mrs. Newwood: "Well, it doesn't. I sent the maid down there with a note telling them I wanted to borrow \$100 and they wouldn't give it to her."

Even though their lungs are removed frogs are able to continue living, as they can take in oxygen and give out carbon dioxide through their skins.

Relieves distress from MONTHLY FEMALE WEAKNESS

Evelyn M. Fitzhugh's Vegetable Compound not only helps relieve monthly pain but also weak, nervous feelings—due to monthly menstrual disturbances. It helps build up resistance against distress of "difficult days." Made in Canada.

Freshness and Flavor
Presto WAXED TISSUE

WHEN SANDWICHES ARE TO BE PREPARED FOR LUNCHES, PICNICS OR GUESTS, WRAP THEM IN A SHEET OF PRESTO WAXED TISSUE TO RETAIN THEIR FLAVOR AND TO KEEP THEM FRESH AND MOIST.

Presto PACK WAXED TISSUE PAPER

IS IN A SELF-SERVING PACK, WHICH HANGS ON THE WALL, SERVING YOU A GENEROUS SIZED SHEET OF WAXED TISSUE PAPER AT EACH PULL.

Appleford PAPER PRODUCTS LIMITED
HAMILTON • TORONTO • MONTREAL

Rigid Control Of Beef Cattle Trade In Canada

Ottawa.—The wartime price and trade board, assumed rigid control of the beef cattle trade in Canada, naming the government-owned War-time Food Corporation as sole exporter of beef cattle in a new policy aimed at meeting the "acute" shortage which the board said now exists "across the whole country."

The food corporation "will when necessary, buy cattle in the domestic market to support cattle prices in Canada."

The board disclosed in its announcement that Canadian packers have been required to give priority to military requirements for some time, "yet notwithstanding this action military requirements have not been met."

"Accordingly," said the statement, "the board has carefully reviewed the whole situation and made recommendations to the government, which decided upon a complete change of policy, making War-time Food Corporation the sole exporter and at the same time assuring not less than ceiling prices to producers."

"This should remove any incentive to hold back cattle at one period and press sales at another."

"Thus, while the new policy may not restore beef supplies immediately, the removal of any abnormal incentive to hold cattle should result in resumption of the customary flow of marketings."

The board's sweeping action represents a definite change in policy followed since last June whereby the corporation paid the equivalent of export prices to divert cattle from the export to the domestic market up to the number which otherwise would be eligible for export under the United States quota.

The old policy, the board said, had resulted in "very uneven" marketings of cattle—abundant supplies in the early part of each quarter and acute shortages toward the end of the quarter.

"This neither stabilized prices to the producer nor provided adequate beef supplies for civilian and military requirements in Canada," the announcement said.

TO SAVE LIVES

Blood Freezing And Drying Plant Being Built In Britain

London.—British scientists are spending a legacy of nearly \$100,000 on a blood freezing and drying plant which will carry development of a life-saving plasma still another great stride forward. Every dollar spent may represent a life or more saved.

Building of the machine, largest yet erected for the freezing and drying of plasma, will put Britain ahead in a field of science which is being diligently studied, for peace as well as war, by all fighting nations. It was made possible through a gift to the medical research council by trustees of the late millionaire chemist, Sir Henry Wellcome.

The machine resembles a giant refrigerator coupled to a group of tall cylinders. Through a new process discovered by British scientists, it will freeze and dry each week the blood gifts of 10,000 donors. Next week—or even eight years from now—the frozen dried plasma will give life to sick and wounded in any climate because it retains its quality indefinitely.

Dried plasma is saving lives in Egypt today and British warships, fighting their way to Russia, or Malta, carry the flake-like substance to save lives in the middle of intense actions or raging gales.

British blood also flows in the veins of many Chinese soldiers, wounded in the never-ceasing fight against Japan. To reach the Chinese the blood gifts from Britain are sent thousands of miles by air and sea and pass through all kinds of temperatures. Yet the plasma remains perfect.

AIRPORT ADDITION

Million Dollars To Be Spent On Airport In Winnipeg

Winnipeg.—A \$1,000,000 addition to No. 4 Air Observer school, involving extension of the Stevenson airport here and construction of two new runways, will be built on the site originally selected by the Dominion air force committee of Ottawa. It was announced, St. James municipality, in which the school is located, had proposed an alternative site to be considered with a view to protecting the residential area.

INVASION TALK

Premier Of Poland Says Venture Is Absolutely Feasible

London.—The Canadian-led raid on Dieppe "proved that an invasion of the continent is absolutely feasible," Gen. Sikorski, premier of Poland, said in a statement marking the third anniversary of the Nazi invasion of Poland.

"The American army, gathering in Britain, and the Allies' shattering superiority in the air show what the Germans have to expect in the future," Gen. Sikorski said. The entry of the United States into the war "automatically decided the final result," he added.

Allied Western Front Success Worry To Nazis

London.—Marshal Hermann Goering was reported to be shaking up the German air force on the western front as an aftermath of the Allies' continued successful daylight fighter and bomber sweeps over occupied France.

Repetitive fighting French forces in London as well as news despatches from the continent indicated that Allied control of the air over Dieppe and continuous fighter sweeps is causing Hitler the "greatest concern."

At the same time a Reuters news agency special correspondent on the French frontier reported that stern measures had been taken inside Germany to suppress a rising tide of gossip concerning Dieppe. Hitler was reported to have ordered an intense propaganda campaign to turn the battle into a verbal "German victory" and to confuse the occupied countries and attempt to sow the seeds of distrust in Canada, whose soldiers led the Dieppe raid.

The Reuters story listed these factors as worrying the Nazi high command:

The ability of a Canadian-British landing force to approach Dieppe without interception and to remain for nine hours;

Poor co-ordination between the German army and the air force, resulting in a "terrific" loss of planes, and most important of all, the landing of tanks by the Allies.

A fighting French source here said word had reached London that Goering is trying to find new fields for his bombers and fighters to operate from along the invasion coast. This was described as an apparent result of heavy damage caused by precision daylight bombing by American Fortresses on present airbases.

It was reliably stated that the German air force was unable to offer serious challenge to the Allies over Dieppe until three hours after the raid started. Then the Germans called up all available reserves, including night fighters and obsolete planes, to try to break the Allied cover.

Goering now is reported to be changing commands of the air force in the west and bringing up more planes and reorganizing plane concentrations.

TEA PRICES

New Schedule Of Prices For Small Packages Of Tea

Ottawa.—Thomas R. Wade, tea administrator of the wartime price and trade board, announced a schedule of "appropriate" prices for small packages of tea—now in demand under coupon rationing—based upon maximum retail prices established by the board last January.

Noting that the January schedule did not "anticipate" the small packages now brought into general use, the announcement set forth the following schedule:

For tea with a maximum retail price of 85 cents a pound, the retail price will be 23 cents for a four-ounce package and 12 cents for a two-ounce package.

For tea with a maximum of 90 cents a pound the four-ounce package will be 24 cents; the two-ounce 13 cents.

For tea with a maximum of \$1 a pound the four-ounce package will be 25 cents and the two-ounce 14 cents.

The announcement said maximum prices for four and two-ounce packages of qualities not specified in the January schedule will be determined upon application to the administrator, who will also determine prices on tea bags for ultimate sale to consumers.

FLOUR IN RUSSIA

Shipments From Canada Sent In Considerable Amounts

Ottawa.—Canadian wheat has moved to Russia, "in considerable amounts" in recent months in the form of flour, and negotiations for the shipment of further supplies now are underway, Trade Minister MacKinnon revealed.

Last year shipments of Canadian wheat and flour went to northern Russian ports via the United Kingdom, and were welcomed as vital food supplies for Russian armies locked in combat with the Germans.

CHARLES VINING



Directing head of the new War-time Information Board.

DEMAND FOR LUMBER

Serious Shortage Of Men For Work In Forests

Ottawa.—As lumber requirements mount steadily, Canadian forests are facing a shortage of lumbermen totaling more than 53,000 it was revealed in information placed before Elliott M. Little, director of national selective service.

A survey of the situation and subsequent conferences between Mr. Little and lumber and pulpwood producers shows the need will increase to 110,000 by December, when logging is heaviest.

British Columbia lumbermen say they need 3,500 loggers immediately to meet quota obligations and an unusual demand for lumber, while 50,000 men are reported to be required in the eastern provinces.

Every effort will be made to supply both the lumber and pulpwood industries with men, spokesmen said, but should curtailment be necessary the pulpwood industry would suffer first as a less essential industry.

ARRIVE IN BRITAIN

Canadian Airmen Arrive From Many Walks Of Life

With the R.C.A.F. somewhere in England.—Men who occupied widely different occupations in civilian life are among the latest batch of R.C.A.F. fliers to arrive in England.

A lawyer, a miner, a civil servant, a telephone inspector, a bank clerk and a school teacher make up a group of radio technicians. The lawyer is LAC L. Zif, from Port Erie—he used to work in the bureau of statistics at Ottawa. LAC W. R. Penney, of Montreal, inspected telephone before he joined up, and LAC Wilcox, of Ottawa, was a bank clerk. The school teacher was LAC R. J. Thompson, of Rosemont, Sask., and the miner LAC E. I. Woolman, of Sudbury.

Another school teacher, LAC J. D. Winfield, of Toronto, had the satisfaction of landing in Britain on his 25th birthday.

STEEL SHORTAGE

People Are Urged To Put All Possible Steel To Work

Ottawa.—Munitions Minister Howe urged Canadians to put all possible idle machinery to work to meet a serious shortage of steel and of manpower to process the steel.

In a departmental release, Mr. Howe offered Dominion citizens this advice: "Instead of buying a new machine, a new electric motor, or a new farm implement, try to borrow, rent or purchase what you need from your neighbor. Instead of letting machinery deteriorate from disuse, dispose of it to someone who can make it serve a useful purpose."

The munitions minister said "Canada now is facing a serious shortage of steel, and of manpower to process the steel, that unless machinery now idle is put to essential work there may not be enough for essential industries."

Interesting Photograph



An interesting photograph made in Buckingham palace of the bride and groom. Their families and members of the royalty of Europe who attended the wedding of the Duke of Kent and Princess Marina on Nov. 28, 1934. The Duke and Duchess of Kent are seen in centre of group, flanked on either side by Their Majesties King George and Queen Mary, of England, parents of the bridegroom. The bride's parents, Prince and Princess Nicholas, are also pictured, as are the king and queen of Norway, the king and queen of Denmark and other members of Europe's royalty.

Canadian Journalists Board Bomber



Parachutes strapped on, five Canadian newspaper and magazine writers prepare to step aboard the bomber which carried them to Great Britain recently. They are: front row (left to right), C. V. Charters, Brampton, Ont.; Walter Legge, Granby, Que.; W. G. Clark, Saskatoon, Sask. Back row—E. R. Irwin, Montreal; W. A. Porter, London, Ont.

Fighting French Honored



General Charles De Gaulle, leader of the Free "Fighting" French, is shown decorating Colonel Amalukavi with the Croix de la Liberation, new Fighting French decoration, for acts of outstanding gallantry during the battle of Bir Hacheim in Libya. The colonel is commanding officer of the Legion Etrangere. At right is Captain Seranville, who also received the cross for bravery in the same action.

Expression Of Confidence In Fight For Victory

London.—Britain viewed with calm confidence the opening of the fourth year of war and looked optimistically to a new period of offensive after three years in which reverses outnumbered victories.

Dominion Secretary Attlee, in an anniversary statement, spoke for the nation when he said "we must expect further difficulties, but we can be certain that, however long the way, the issue is sure."

Confidence that, while the way still is difficult, this fourth year will see the beginning of a victory offensive was the keynote of many London and provincial newspaper editorials.

Prime Minister Churchill, Mrs. Churchill and all members of the cabinet attended services at Westminster Abbey.

Typical of the newspaper comment was that of The Times, which said: "Everywhere the forces in action are moving, and towards a balance. Of the forces in reserve, an overwhelming preponderance is with the United Nations. . . . The long fight for survival is ending. The fight for victory must soon begin."

Commented the Daily Telegraph: "Whatever the dangers of the time and what doubtful days lie ahead, the union (of United Nations) must be decisive in the end."

Said the Mirror: "We shall do well to look into the future with full confidence, backed by renewed determination. We wish that the next phase of the war may mark the long-expected transition from defensive to offensive preparations."

The News Chronicle said: "Two years ago we were within an ace of disaster. Now we stand on the threshold of events which we hope and believe will bring final victory within our grasp."

The Herald's editorial reported: "The nation enters upon this fourth year not merely with spirit unimpaired but keener and more adventurous than at the outset."

An Allied Move Against Dakar Seems Possible

There apparently is fire as well as smoke behind Berlin's sudden interest in French Dakar.

It is entirely possible that the Allies will move against the French colony in the near future.

But whether they plan such a move, the Germans are trying to create the impression that they do. Hitler thus may hope to take over Dakar peacefully by posing as a disinterested defender of French interests.

The sudden trip of the French governor general of West Africa to Vichy suggests that Hitler may be succeeding.

It is unlikely that Laval is deluded by the Axis suggestions that an attack on Dakar is imminent. Rather, he probably is an agreeable party to any plot to hand over Dakar to German control.

Dakar, the westernmost point in Africa, always has been strategically important. With Brazil's entry into the war and the intensified U-boat campaign, Dakar is more valuable than ever to both sides.

The bulge of Brazil is only 1,700 miles from Dakar. That's within the range of big bombers. And it's not too great a distance for an invasion force to cover, although an actual Nazi offensive against South America seems remote at the moment.

There never has been any definite proof that the Germans are using Dakar as a submarine base, but there are considerable grounds to believe that they may be. Laval hardly would deny Hitler a little favor like that.

That's why it seems logical that the Allies may try to occupy Dakar. Hitler probably doesn't need anything there that he doesn't already have. His only motive for moving into Dakar openly would be an actual fear of an Allied occupation.

The occupation of Dakar by the Allies would be a step toward protecting the important communications lines in the south Atlantic—lines which supply Africa, the Near East, and India.

It also would be the first move toward ultimately clearing the Axis from all Africa—a task that must be attempted sooner or later.

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

Office of Publication
BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA

Subscription, to all parts of the Dominion, \$2.00 per annum; United States and Great Britain, \$2.50; Foreign, \$3.00; payable in advance.

Business locals, 15c per line.

Legal notices, 15c per line for first insertion; 12c per line for each subsequent insertion.

Obituary notices, inserted free of charge, but lists of floral offerings charged at 10c per line.

Display advt. rates on application.

W. J. BARTLETT, PUBLISHER

Blairmore, Alta., Fri., Sept. 11, 1942

MILLION DOLLARS WEEKLY
FOR UNEMPLOYMENT INS.

A million dollars a week is being collected in Canada by the Unemployment Insurance Commission, J. W. Willard, of the commission, told the Canadian Postmasters' Association, Ontario branch, at its convention in Ottawa.

To date, he added, the total employer-employee contributions were \$54,434,275, government contributions were \$10,886,555, and interest earned \$588,060, making a cumulative total of \$65,969,190. Benefits paid out to workers totalled \$191,551.

In July 100,000 jobless had been registered, he said, and of this total 60,000 were found to be fully employable, 17,000 partly employable and 20,000 unemployable.

Discussing national selective service, Mr. Willard said that a schedule of labor priorities had been set up with classifications as to occupations, industries, firms and establishments, and with the labor priority having four classes—very high rating, high, low or no labor priority. He said the list was confidential and was supplied only to selective service officers. From January 1st to July 31st, 230,032 persons had been placed in jobs by the employment and claims office.

WHY THEY GO TO CHURCH

The following appeared 30 years ago in the Liverpool (England) Post and was written by the Rev. J. S. Bouchier, M.A., of the Curranen Training College, and gained the tennipen prize offered by the Chester Open Diocesan Church Association. The words are as follows:

"Some go to church just for a walk. Some go to stare, and laugh, and talk; Some go there to meet a friend, Some their idle time to spend. Some for general observation, Some for private speculation, Some to seek, or find a lover, Some a courtship to discover. Some go there to use their eyes, And newest fashions criticize; Some to show their own smart dress, Some their neighbors to assess. Some to scan a robe or bonnet, Some to price the trimmings on it. Some to learn the latest news, That friends at home they may amuse. Some to gossip false and true, Safe within the sheltering pew. Some go there to please the Squire, Some his daughters to admire, Some the parson go to fawn, Some to lounge, and some to yawn. Some to claim the parish dues, Some for bread and some for coals, Some because it's thought genteel, Some to vaunt their pious zeal. Some to show how sweet they sing, Some how loud their voices ring; Some the preacher go to hear, His style or voice to praise or cheer. Some forgiveness to implore, Some their sins to varnish o'er, Some to sit, and doze and nod, But few to kneel and worship God."

Fred Kazakoff, of Cowley, was sentenced to twelve months at hard labor in Lethbridge jail for failing to report for medical examination when ordered to do so under the National Resources Mobilization Act. The R. C. M. P. prosecuted.

IN YOUR TOWN

America is still a country of small towns and villages. More than half its people live in rural areas or communities of less than 8,000. All of them at one time or another have said: "What more can I do to help win this war?"

Those families which have sent off husbands and brothers are particularly eager to make over more tangible their own contribution.

"What can I do?" is effectively answered in a 43-page manual called "Small Town Manual for Community Action." It can be had by sending five cents to the Superintendent of Documents in Washington, D.C. Specific ways are suggested for tackling:

1. Farm-labor shortage.
2. Town-labor problem.
3. Transportation difficulties.
4. Salvage and scrap collection.
5. The home battle front.
6. Shortages of machinery, parts, seeds, etc.

7. Increasing production of food and materials.

8. Idle machines, plants and equipment.

9. Migration of skilled workmen from your town.

10. Bond sales and other patriotic drives.

11. Housing.

12. Helping neighbors through war hardships.

This "Small Town Manual" is an interesting to go through as a mail order catalogue—it has pictures, too. It outlines the kind of thinking that will make on our home front the world we want to continue to live in and fight for—Christian Science Monitor.

A rare sugar, which until recently cost \$15,000 a pound and is needed, to make vitamin B-2, now can be made in almost unlimited quantities from the liquor waste of American paper mills.

A Calgary man a few days ago asked the Calgary Herald to announce that he was not the man who was fined in court, but someone of the same name. What does it matter so long as he is the innocent one? Cape Breton papers could be chock full of such stuff every day if the Angus McDonalds all wished to declare their innocence. They are born, schooled, married, divorced, imprisoned and buried almost every day. As a matter of fact, the Angus McDonalds should form a little city of their own in Canada the size of Montreal.

On a streetcar platform a Nazi was boasting that he had eaten the specialties of the region in every occupied country. "I've eaten the foiegras of Strasbourg," he said, "cheese from Munster and Edam, Brussels sprouts, etc." "And when do you plan to try English salt?" asked one of his listeners ironically.

NEW PACKAGES OF
TEA ARE PRICED

Tea director, Thomas K. Wade, has translated the retail prices of tea per pound and half pound, set by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board last January into maximum retail prices for the new small packages designed for ration allotments.

For tea formerly sold at a maximum price of 85 cents a pound, the retail price is to be 22 cents for a four-ounce package and 12 cents for a two-ounce package.

For 90-cent tea by the pound, the four-ounce package will be 24 cents and the two-ounce package 13 cents.

Tea formerly selling at \$1.00 a pound will be 26 cents for four-ounce package, and 14 cents for the two-ounce package.

Prices for unspecified qualities of tea and maximum prices for bags are yet to be determined by the tea director.

PEDESTRIANS CAN HELP

Since automobile traffic began slowing down to conserve tires and gasoline, traffic fatalities in the United States have decreased about 32 per cent. Part of this reduction is due to the decrease in the number of cars on the road, and part to reduced speed limits. But there is still a word to be said in warning.

In the seaboard cities where drivers must travel after dark with parking lights only, pedestrians can contribute to the safety record. They should remember it is easier to stop on two feet than on four wheels. Parking lights do little more than reveal the car to the pedestrian; their beams do not fall upon the street-crosser. After dark, pedestrians owe it to themselves, as well as to the motorist, to assume a greater degree of responsibility in crossing thoroughfares.—Christian Science Monitor.

THE NEW INCOME TAX

SALARY AND WAGE EARNERS

PART I - As it Affects

1. Question: WHO MUST PAY?

Answer: All persons in receipt of incomes over \$660 single—or \$1200 married.

2. Question: WHAT FORMS DO YOU HAVE TO FILL OUT?

Answer: Unless you are single, without dependents, and not making payments for allowable personal savings (Item 1D), you should file Form TD-1 with your employer. Otherwise he must deduct the amounts provided by the Table of Tax Deductions for a single person without dependents or personal savings.

If 3/4 or more of your income comes from salary or wages, you must file your 1942 Income Return by 10th September 1943. If your income is not over \$1,000, including not over \$100 from investments, you will use Form T-1-Special; otherwise you will use Form T-1.

3. Question: WHEN AND HOW IS YOUR TAX COLLECTED?

Answer: Your employer is required by law to make deductions from your salary or wages on account of your 1942 tax during the period September 1942 to August 1943. Each deduction must be the amount provided by the official Table of Tax Deductions for your current rate of pay, and family status and personal savings as declared on Form TD-1 (Item 2 above).

The Table is designed to collect about 90% of the tax on your salary or wages, leaving a balance of not more than 10% in most cases, (plus tax on your other income, if any) to be paid with your Income Return to be filed in September 1943.

If your salary or wages are less than 3/4 of your income, you must pay tax on your other income by compulsory instalments. (See Part II below).

4. Question: WHAT CONSTITUTES TAXABLE INCOME?

Answer: Your income is made up of your full salary or wages before any deductions whatever, plus living allowances, gratuities or bonuses (including cost of living bonus) and the value of any board, living quarters or supplies, etc., given you by your employer. It also includes such receipts as interest and dividends, rents (after taxes, repairs, etc.), royalties and annuities. From your total income you deduct payments (up to \$100) into certain types of employees' superannuation or pension funds, charitable donations up to 10% of your income, and medical expenses over 5% of your income (maximum—\$400 single, \$600 married, plus \$100 for each dependent up to four), to find the amount of your taxable income.

5. Question: HOW MUCH DO YOU PAY?

Answer: (A) Normal Tax—(whichever rate is applicable is applied to the full amount of

A booklet entitled "YOUR 1942 INCOME TAX" will be available shortly at offices of Inspectors of Income Tax.

your taxable income from the first to the last dollar).

(1) Single—

with taxable income between \$660 and \$1100—7%.

with taxable income between \$1100 and \$3000—8%.

with taxable income over \$3000—9%.

(2) Married (or equivalent status)—

with taxable income over \$1200—7%.

(3) Dependents—tax credit for each—\$28.

(B) Graduated Tax—

(1) On first \$660 of taxable income—No Tax.

35% on next \$ 100 15% on next \$ 5,000.

35% on next 100 60% on next 7,000.

37% on next 1000 65% on next 10,000.

49% on next 1100 70% on next 20,000.

49% on next 1100 75% on next 30,000.

49% on next 3000 80% on next 30,000.

81% on excess over 30,000.

(2) Married (or equivalent status)—tax credit—\$110.

(3) Dependents—tax credit for each—up to \$40.

(C) Surplus—4% on investment income over \$1500 without exemptions.

NOTES

(1) In no case are you required to pay a net tax (i.e., after credit for dependents) which would reduce your taxable income below \$660 single or \$1200 married.

(2) If a wife has unearned income over \$660, then both she and her husband are taxable as single persons, but any amount a wife earns does not affect her husband's right to be taxed as a married person. A married woman is taxed as a single person under all circumstances except only when her husband's income is less than \$660.

(D) Tax Credit for Personal Savings—

You may deduct from the savings portion of your tax (Item 6) 1942 payments on account of—

(1) an approved employer's (or trade union) superannuation, retirement or pension fund;

(2) premiums on life insurance policies issued prior to 23rd June 1942 (if issued after that date ask your insurance company or Inspector of Income Tax);

(3) annuity or savings policies not postponable without substantial loss or forfeiture; and

(4) principal payments on a mortgage or agreement of sale, existing prior to 23rd June 1942 upon one residential property;

provided (a) they do not exceed the savings portion and (b) receipts are produced for the payments when filing your Income Return.

(E) National Defence Tax—

This tax does not apply after 31st August, 1942. The deductions made during January to August 1942 apply as a payment on account of your 1942 tax.

6. Question: HOW MUCH OF YOUR TAX IS SAVINGS?

Answer:

(1) Single—the lesser of

(a) 1/2 the total of your Normal Tax, Graduated Tax and Surplus; or

(b) 8% of your taxable income (maximum \$400) plus 1% for each dependent (maximum \$100 for each).

(2) Married (or equivalent status)—the lesser of

(a) 1/2 the total of your Normal Tax, Graduated Tax and Surplus; or

(b) 10% of your taxable income (maximum \$1000) plus 1% for each dependent (maximum \$100 for each).

You will get back the savings portion of your tax which you actually pay, plus 2% interest, after the war.

7. EXAMPLES OF AMOUNTS PAYABLE ON 1942 EARNED INCOME

(after allowing for National Defence Tax actually deducted Jan.-Aug. 1942)

	SINGLE—NO DEPENDENTS		MARRIED—NO DEPENDENTS		MARRIED—2 DEPENDENTS	
1942 Income	Tax Including Savings	Tax Only	Tax Including Savings	Tax Only	Tax Including Savings	Tax Only
\$ 730	\$ 54.30	\$ 14.73	—	—	—	—
1,000	138.57	35.83	—	—	—	—
1,500	207.20	177.25	\$ 167.20	\$ 58.60	\$ 25.66	\$ 1.16
2,000	297.46	341.41	264.13	164.13	115.80	67.49
2,500	709.13	506.13	567.46	317.46	318.13	160.73
3,000	926.40	684.40	754.40	484.40	395.06	260.85
3,500	1,181.06	921.06	1,007.73	637.73	518.40	398.40
4,000	1,407.73	1,087.73	1,231.06	831.06	1,047.73	547.73
5,000	1,894.07	1,474.07	1,711.33	1,311.33	1,322.00	922.00

PART II - As it Affects

PERSONS OTHER THAN SALARY AND WAGE EARNERS
(Such as business or professional men, investors, and persons on commission)

1. PAYMENTS—You must pay your 1942 income tax by quarterly instalments beginning on the fifteenth day of October 1942. Remittance Form T-7-B Individuals, to be sent in with your payments, may be secured from

Inspectors of Income Tax some time in September. 2. RETURNS—You file your 1942 Income Return on Form T-1, on or before the thirtieth day of April 1943. Notes—Items 1, 4, 5 and 6 of Part I also apply.

IF YOU ARE AN EMPLOYER paying any person on a daily, weekly, monthly or any other basis, it is your responsibility to deduct Income Tax instalments from the salaries or wages you pay, commencing with the first pay period beginning in September, and send the amounts deducted to your Inspector of Income Tax within one week from the pay-day. There are severe penalties for failure to deduct or remit. If you are in doubt as to your obligations to deduct, communicate with your Inspector of Income Tax at once.

DOMINION OF CANADA - DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL REVENUE

INCOME TAX DIVISION

COLIN GIBSON,
Minister of National Revenue

C. FRASER ELLIOTT,
Commissioner of Income Tax

CUT THIS ADVERTISEMENT OUT FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

FATHER ANTHONY'S TRIBUTE

The following verses, published in the Brisbane (Australia) Courier-Mail, was written by Father Anthony Carroll, U.S. army chaplain, and read by him at a memorial service to fallen men at advanced allied base a few weeks ago:

On Darwin's shore our bodies lie,
And o'er our graves the soft winds
sigh,
And whisper through the star-filled
night,
The story of the silver might
That struck us from a wing-blackened
sky.

But death will never break the tie
That binds us all—we did not die
To idly gaze from some great height
On Darwin's shore.

Know ye who guard the slopes near-
by—

Know ye who overhead still fly—
Till victory, with you we fight,
And not till then, will bid good-bye
On Darwin's shore.

Magistrate: "Have you ever been
up before me?"

Client: "I don't know, sir. What
time do you get up?"

Johnny heard in class one morning
an explanation of Communism, Fasc-
ism and Nazism, and seemed inter-
ested. "Now, Johnny," said the teach-
er, when his exposition had ended,
"what would you do with all those
isms?"

"I'd make them into wasms," was
the prompt reply.

SMALLER GLASSES FOR THE
WORKING MAN'S BEER

This reduction in the quantity of
beer in a glass served in hotel beer
parlors brings a smile. It brings to
mind a meeting held in a Canadian
Legion club room several years ago,
when the boys were discussing how
they could build up more trade in the
sale of beer. One enthusiast, whose
girth indicated that he was a liberal
partaker of the foaming beverage,
had a simple remedy. "Give the boys
bigger glasses of beer," he exclaimed,
"and they'll all be coming here to buy
instead of going to the other pubs."

This cutting down of the contents
of a glass from 8 ounces to 7½ ap-
pears to be a piffling way of doing
things. One glass is a small enough
drink anyway, and if the working
man must have his beer, why not give
him a decent drink, and instead of cut-
ting it down to a measly 7½ ounces,
increase it to the size they used to sell
in those power pots in old country
pubs and give a thirsty soul a man's
size drink, even if it costs more. Some
hot days a fellow can swallow the
contents of three of the present size
glasses and yet feel thirsty.

We are not boosting for the sale
of beer, not by any means; but as
long as beer is sold in licensed prem-
ises with our governments as silent
partners getting a big rake off in
taxes and licenses, we say, be fair to
the working man who likes his glass
of beer. He is paying plenty for it,
and quite a chunk of his ten cents
goes into government coffers.—Cole-
man Journal.

Buy War Savings Certificates.

LOCAL AND GENERAL ITEMS

Milk is 92 cents a gallon in New-
foundland.

Ernest McLaren, of Fernie, won the
\$100 bond in the Elks' carnival draw
at Coleman.

Ross Munro, as news editor of the
Toronto Globe, visited Lethbridge
twenty years ago.

Tom Moore has been re-elected
president of the Trades and Labor
Congress of Canada.

Among recent enlistments in the
Active Army at Calgary appears the
name of James P. Smith, of Hillcrest.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Beck, of Bellevue,
returned home after a visit here with
the latter's mother, Mrs. A. B. Nichol-
son.—Okotoks Review.

Rev. Dean M. A. Harrington is
away on brief holiday. In his absence
his work here is being looked after
by Father Sullivan, of Coleman.

Rev. Thomas Hart, of Stettler,
formerly of Frank, has been appointed
superintendent of missions of the
United Church in northern and cen-
tral Alberta. He will make his head-
quarters in Edmonton.

Labor Minister Hon. Humphrey
Mitchell warns that any stoppage of
work to enforce demands for wage
increases against the decision of any
labor board will constitute a strike
against the government.

The Polish Catholic Press agency
reports that Alsatian Catholics are
undergoing severe persecution. Many
of the seminaries and convents have
been closed, a number of priests have
been sent to concentration camps, and
others have been deported.

William John Ostrenski, father of
William Ostrenski, of Bellevue, passed
away in Calgary on Monday
morning at the age of 62. He is sur-
vived by his wife, four daughters and
two sons; also one brother, Emil, at
Creston, B. C. The remains were
brought to Pincher Creek for burial.

One of the most outstanding ex-
amples of Boy Scout salvage work is
that offered by the boys at Warner,
Alberta, with the help of members of
the group committee. They gathered
36 tons of metal and two carloads of
mixed salvage, for which \$497.44 was
received. Of this amount, \$225 was
sent the Lethbridge Kinmen's Club
for its Milk for Britain fund, and \$180
to the Y.M.C.A. for its overseas ser-
vice.

Pat Lenihan returned to Calgary
Friday morning last from Eastern
Canada, after spending twenty-two
months in Canadian internment camps
and released in line with the Domini-
on government's policy of freeing
former members of the Communist
Party of Canada. He was met at the
C.P.R. depot by his wife and 22-month-
old son, who was born in Calgary the
night his father was interned and
whom Pat saw for the first time on
his arrival.

Major G. H. Schoof, 76, one of the
best known cowboy-police officers in
Canada, died in Spokane on Thursday
evening of last week. For many years
since retiring from the Canadian
mounted police active service he has
travelled over the North American
continent between Mexico and the
Arctic Ocean, and east and west, lec-
turing on Canadian attractions. He
was at one time a member of the
mounted police in Bechuanaland,
South Africa.

Men are urgently required for en-
listment in the Royal Canadian Air
Force as skilled tradesmen for the
following: stationary engineer (C.E.),
stationary engineer, firemen (works
and buildings), foreman of works
(works and buildings), fitter diesel
(works and buildings), fitter general
(works and buildings), and pumpman
(works and buildings). Persons desir-
ous of making application should
address communications to the Com-
manding Officer No. 3 Recruiting Cen-
tre, R.C.A.F., Calgary, or contact the
mobile recruiting unit when it visits
your district.

FREE FRENCH HONOR
CORVETTE MIMOSA'S CREW

The corvette "Mimosa" was lost by
enemy action just thirteen months
and four days after it was named and
began its service for the Fighting
French Naval Forces. The Mimosa
took part in the liberation of the
islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon,
and took part in conveying Canadian
and allied merchant ships back and
forth from Canada to Great Britain.
St. Pierre and Miquelon gave a
number of her sons to act as crew
for the Mimosa. The following mes-
sage from Admiral Aubouneau, head
of the Fighting French Naval Forces,
was addressed to the parents of sev-
enteen who were lost with it in de-
fence of their homeland, Motherland
France and the Allies:

"I pay respectful homage to the
memory of so many brave sailors
who sacrificed themselves with heroic
simplicity for the liberation of the
'patrie'. Their memory will remain
forever engraved upon our hearts and
in the hearts of those Frenchmen who
today are unable to express their
gratitude. I bow my head before the
families whose dignity and courage
constitute a moving evidence of the
spirit and character of the people of
St. Pierre and the traditions of
France."

Practically all fishermen returning
from the north on Sunday or Monday
evenings reported having secured their
limit. Of course, but what was meant
by the limit was their appetite cap-
acity for the trip.

Mrs. Horace Duke, of Fernie, was
in Calgary last week and to attend
the wedding of her brother, Warrant
Officer Alex. Reid, and Miss Peggy
Holt.

Conductor: "You should wait until
the car stops, madam."
Fair Passenger: "That's all you
know about it. I have an accident
policy that hasn't paid me a cent yet."



There's nothing so cool . . . to
refreshing as a tall-tinkling Collins
made with Canada's superb . . .

MONOGRAM
London Dry Gin

12-oz. : \$1.45
25-oz. : \$2.90

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA DISTILLERY COMPANY, LIMITED

his advertisement is not inserted by the Alberta Liquor Control
Board or by the Government of The Province of Alberta. CAN.

**Your
COMMANDO
RAID!**

**BUY
WAR SAVINGS
CERTIFICATES**

Every Week!

Space donated by the
BREWING INDUSTRY OF ALBERTA

A Big Bargain

We have arrangements with The Calgary Herald,
by which we are able to offer

**THE CALGARY DAILY HERALD
AND
THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE**

Both for 1 Year \$8.60

To THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE,
BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA.

I enclose herewith the sum of EIGHT DOLLARS AND SIXTY
CENTS in payment of Subscriptions to The Calgary Daily Her-
ald and The Blairmore Enterprise, both for one year. The papers
are to be addressed as follows:

Subscriber's

NAME

ADDRESS

MAIL COUPON TODAY TO
THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE
BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA

GOVERNMENT INSURANCE IN CASE OF WAR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY

**OWNERS OF PROPERTY ARE URGED TO
INSURE AGAINST LOSS BY ENEMY ACTION**

The Government of Canada, by Act of Parliament, has set up a Plan of
War Risk Insurance against damage to property caused by enemy
action—by countermeasures taken against the enemy—by explosions of
war munitions handled by third parties.

In terms of general information, it may be stated that the Plan provides
a certain limited FREE COMPENSATION for damage to owner-occu-
pied homes and to chattels, but the main feature of the Plan is that
owners of most types of property can protect their property by PUR-
CHASE of GOVERNMENT WAR RISK INSURANCE at very moderate
rates.

This type of War Risk Insurance is not being sold today by private
insurance companies, because of the risk involved. Consequently, the
Government has established a national scheme to make it possible for
each citizen in Canada to purchase the sense of security that comes from
knowing that if his property does suffer war damage (and the war has
come much closer to Canada in the last twelve months) he can call on
the resources of Canada to help him make good his property loss.

HOW TO OBTAIN GOVERNMENT WAR RISK INSURANCE

The Fire Insurance Agents and Companies of Canada have volunteered
to the Government the services of their extensive facilities and personnel,
on a non-profit basis, thus avoiding
the setting-up of the large organiza-
tion that otherwise would be needed
to handle details of this nation-wide
Government War Risk Insurance
scheme.

**YOUR FIRE INSURANCE AGENT
OR COMPANY WILL GLADLY
SUPPLY COMPLETE DETAILS OF
THIS GOVERNMENT INSURANCE
PLAN.**

THIS ANNOUNCEMENT IS PUBLISHED
so that the public may have notice of the
Government War Risk Insurance Scheme.
The information given above is not intended
to be a complete record of the Scheme. Full
information regarding conditions, exclusions,
etc., is available elsewhere.

TO HOME OWNERS HOUSEHOLDERS AND OTHERS

Limited free compensation is
provided under the Act for War
Damage by enemy action to
owner-occupied homes up to
\$3,000. Damage to House-
holder's Chattels, up to \$800—
for those of his wife, up to \$400
—for each child under 16, up to
\$100—for others, not house-
holders, up to \$200.

No policies are needed in this
classification but insurance addi-
tional to the above amounts
may be purchased.

Ask any Fire Insurance Agent or
Company for complete details.

FULL DETAILS FROM ANY FIRE INSURANCE AGENT OR COMPANY

W-2

Published by Authority of the Minister of Finance

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

Loans made by the colonies to the British treasury during July totaled \$253,522 (\$1,141,296).

Trade Minister R. V. Keane announced in a broadcast speech that Australians will be rationed to one pound of sugar a week per person.

Australia shortly will have more acres under vegetables than at any time in its history as a result of a nation-wide scheme to step up production.

Wooden shoes are coming into fashion at Johannesburg, S.A., to relieve the shortage of certain types of high class leather, most of which is reserved for army boots.

In less than a year, people of the Netherlands have presented to the R.A.F. 96 fighters, 32 bombers and a number of night fighters. One fighter has destroyed at least 30 enemy aircraft.

U.S. war production board has announced the establishment of a Canadian division to handle Canadian priorities problems. Joe Tucker will be director of the division, with headquarters in Ottawa.

Marshal Petain, speaking at a picturesque ceremony on ground where Gallic chieftains opposed Caesar, assailed "backward-looking Frenchmen" who labor at "treason" against his Vichy regime.

The BBC says the admiralty has received 50,000 replies to its request for photographs of enemy territory. The response was so great, in fact, that a much bigger organization than planned was needed to handle them.

Plan New Homes

To Build Four Million Homes In Britain After The War

How would you like to order your peacetime house now, along with that car or those tires you probably intend to get when they become available? In Britain, they're making plans for 4,000,000 houses to be built when the time comes—after the war. The Ministry of Health says they'll be built along the lines suggested by the people who will live in them. The Ministry has been collecting ideas from the public.

A Soft Shirtwaister



By ANNE ADAMS

Three cheers for the shirtwaister—first choice of all smart women! This Anne Adams design, Pattern 4123, has the new softer look in its wide-pointed collar and single-buttoned bodice. The waistband and front skirt panel give nice lines. Pattern 4123 is available in misses' and women's sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42. Size 16 takes 4 yards 35 inch.

Send twenty cents (20c) in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly Size, Name, Address and Style Number and send orders to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man.

THERE WAS A REASON

For the past several months soldiers at Camp Robinson, Arkansas, have been trying to grow grass on a barren camp lot. Finally they abandoned the task and dug up the lot. Just below the surface they found the concrete floor of an old shower room.

DESERT DISCORD

—B.C.A.F. Official Photo



Saskatchewan airmen receive Sergeants Chevrons and Navigators Wing at No. 5 Air Observer School, R.C.A.F., Winnipeg, Man. Left to right: Sergeant F. F. A. Steigel of Richmond, Sask., and Sergeant W. H. Viatt of Lemberg, Sask.



In Punjab, Northern India, young men of the district sign up in the army in increasingly larger numbers as the drums of war beat ever closer. Two Indian captains are measuring the height of a young recruit who has been accepted for war service.

Cannon To Be Scrapped

New York Parks Are Giving Up Old War Monuments

All of the old cannon and guns and tanks now standing as war monuments in New York parks soon will be gathered up and carted away as scrap metal to help the nation's blast furnaces roaring against the Axis.

Mayor F. La Guardia disclosed. The mayor, not only announced New York's contributions of historic weapons, but he appealed to the mayors of all American communities to give up what cannon and tanks and guns they are using in city parks and village greens as mementos of long past wars.

The mayor said he had been asked to make the nation-wide appeal by Robert P. Patterson, under secretary of war, and Lieut.-Gen. Brehon B. Somervell, chief of the army services of supply.

SELECTED RECIPES

BROWN GEMS

3 tablespoons Maizena
1 teaspoon cinnamon
1/4 teaspoon cloves
1/4 teaspoon ginger
2 tablespoons white sugar
1/2 cup Crown Brand Corn Syrup
1 egg, well beaten
1/2 cup milk
2 cups all-purpose flour
1/4 teaspoon baking soda
1/2 teaspoon salt
Temperature: 350 degrees F.
Time: 30 minutes.
Method: Mix together in saucepan the maizena, spices, sugar and 1/4 cup corn syrup. Heat to boiling point, stirring until smooth; cool. Add remaining corn syrup, well beaten egg and milk, then flour, soda and salt sifted together. Pour into muffin tin oiled with maizena. Bake in moderate oven. Yield: 12 muffins.

CREAM SCONES

2 1/4 cups all-purpose flour
3 teaspoons baking powder
1/4 teaspoon salt
1/4 cup shortening
2 eggs
1/2 cup cream
2 tablespoons Crown Brand Corn Syrup
Temperature: 450 degrees F.
Time: 12 to 15 minutes.
Method: Sift dry ingredients; cut in shortening. Beat eggs until light; add cream and corn syrup. Make a well in centre of flour; add egg mixture all at once. Stir lightly, mixing as little as possible. Turn on floured board; knead as for bread until the dough is smooth. Roll to 1/4 inch thickness; cut in diamonds and brush lightly with the following glaze: Two tablespoons cold milk, 1 tablespoon white sugar. Bake in hot oven. Split, butter and serve with raspberry jam. Yield: 24 scones.

Receive Stripes And Wings



Saskatchewan airmen receive Sergeants Chevrons and Navigators Wing at No. 5 Air Observer School, R.C.A.F., Winnipeg, Man. Left to right: Sergeant F. F. A. Steigel of Richmond, Sask., and Sergeant W. H. Viatt of Lemberg, Sask.

FLYING DOCTORS

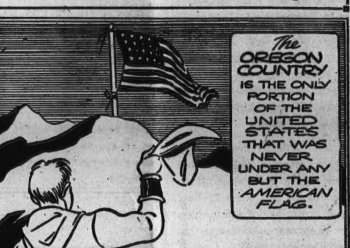
Flying doctors — medical officers fully trained in most cases for operational duties as pilots—are being introduced into the R.A.F. to enable closest possible support of flying strain and other diseases peculiar to airmen.

IF IT MEANS ANYTHING

If four-leaf clovers mean anything, Jeanne Anderson of London, Ont., should have lots of luck. She recently found 51 four-leaf clovers and topped the back-yard search by picking up three five-leaf and two six-leaf clovers.

THIS CURIOUS WORLD

By William Ferguson



ANSWER: Paris is on an island in the middle of the Seine river. It is one of the best known examples of French Gothic cathedrals.

LIFE'S LIKE THAT

By Fred Neher



"He was always getting soap in his eyes."

REG'LAR FELLERS—Time for Lunch



BY GENE BYRNES

One Big Problem

Is How To Make Good Apple Sauce Without Sugar

Apple sauce, Canada's national dish, is in peril. Nature intended that stewed apples should be sweetened with sugar; it seems, for no other combination is quite as good. Apple sauce can be sweetened with honey, maple syrup, corn syrup or saccharine; but then it isn't apple sauce.

This difficulty has created an economic and marketing problem of first rate importance. Duchess apples have not been selling because apple sauce and apple pies are more or less out. The Duchess is an apple sauce variety, par excellence, and sugar rationing has made the sale and distribution of this apple extremely sticky.

Moreover, the present situation has created a fear that consumption of all varieties of apples may be at low ebb this season. A percentage of the crop is consumed in the raw state, but by far the largest proportion goes into consumption via the many ways in which apples may be cooked and served.—Farmers Advocate.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

SEPTEMBER 13

JOSEPH SOLD INTO SLAVERY

Golden text: Love envieth not. I Corinthians 13:4.
Lesson: Genesis 37, 29-41.
Devotional reading: Psalm 130.

Explanations and Comments
Joseph's Dream, Genesis 37:4-11.
Joseph's Journey in Search of his Brothers, Genesis 37:12-17.

Joseph's Brothers Plot to Kill him, Genesis, 37:18-24. Joseph's brothers saw this dream as they called him, coming, and conspired to kill him. His dreams of his sheaf as the one to which all the sheaves of his brothers bowed down, and of himself as the one to whom the sun, moon and stars made obeisance, had given him this rank in their hearts this remark shows. Where jealousy and faction are, there is confusion and every vile deed, writes James, Jan. 3:16.

When Reuben, the oldest of the brothers, heard their plan he counselled them not to take the lad's life, but to cast him into a pit, whence he hoped to free him and deliver him to their father. His plea prevailed, and on Joseph's arrival they stripped him of his coat that showed their father's favoritism, and cast him into a dry pit.

Joseph Sold to Merchants and Carried to Egypt, Genesis 37:25-30. "The heartless barbarity with which Joseph's brethren sat down to eat and drink the very dainties he had brought them from his father, while they left him, as they thought, to starve, has been regarded by all later generations as the height of hard-hearted indifference.

The plain near Dothan was, and still is, part of a regular trade route from Gilead through the Plain of Sharon to Egypt. When the brothers saw a caravan of Ishmaelites coming from Gilead with their camels bearing spice and balm and myrrh (gums that were used in Egypt for embalming and also for incense and medicine) Judah cried, How shall we benefit from killing our brother and concealing his blood? According to the ancient idea blood would cry to God from the ground, Gen. 4:11. Then Judah counselled his brothers to sell Joseph to the Ishmaelites and not be guilty of taking a brother's life. His counsel prevailed.

Joseph Sold to Potiphar, Genesis 37:36. In Egypt Joseph was sold to Potiphar, one of Pharaoh's officers, the captain of the guard, "Head of the Police," we might call him; his position was one of power and dignity. Pharaoh was the royal title of all the rulers of Egypt. The ruler at this time was probably one of the Hyksos kings. Potiphar's residence was probably at Memphis, the most magnificent city in Egypt.

DYNAMIC LANGUAGE

American English, says the New York Times, is dynamic, and in particular newspaper English. The story of an air raid by our own people or the R.A.F.—not one of the gigantic 1,000-plane attacks, but a routine performance—is likely to begin thus: "Roaring out in massed formation over Western France yesterday Allied planes blasted Nazi factories and airdromes."



"TAKE CARE OF YOURSELF"

An industrial health sound slide film, "Take Care Of Yourself," is reviewed in the current issue of Health Magazine published by the Health League of Canada.

Unlike slide films of the strawberry-festival-magic-lantern era—which consisted for most part of post cards showing scenes of Grant's Tomb or the Great Wall of China—this film has definite human interest. It contains sound advice on health given by a genial doctor and a pleasant nurse in conversation with Jim, hero of the play, who punches in for work one morning after a night of over-indulgence in food, drink, cigarettes—and lack of sleep.

Jim protests that a fellow has to get some fun out of life. "Right," answers the doctor, who proceeds to explain that good health enables a fellow to work better, play better—and get more fun out of life.

"Take Care of Yourself," one of a series of slide films dealing with industrial health education, will be shown in Canada under the auspices of the Industrial Division of the Health League of Canada.

Jim is a typical factory worker around whom the story of "Take Care of Yourself" has been sketched. He is a very woody one morning. Goes to the doctor's and asks for something "to keep me on the job." He gets a tablet from the nurse—and some incidental advice from the doctor. Jim becomes interested, asks questions and the doctor answers them under the headings of:

Rest; Food; Recreation and Exercise; Cleanliness; Mental Attitude. The give and take of dialogue between Jim, the nurse and the doctor holds interest from the beginning and neatly gets a lot of information across without resorting to a lengthy dissertation on health. Plant and personnel officials may secure further details from the Secretary Industrial Division, Health League of Canada, 111 Avenue Road, Toronto, Ontario.

LESSON BEING TAUGHT

It is the first time for over a century that the Germans have been made to learn in their own land what war means; and the taste and memory of that very bitter medicine is an indispensable condition of a really permanent peace. There can be no permanent peace until all nations—and the Germans most of all—realize that those who take the sword shall perish by the sword.

The Chinese invented or discovered silk, porcelain, tea, printing and gunpowder.

Buy War Savings Certificates.

MICKIE SAYS—

NO. 1 ON OUR PEEVE PARADE IS 'TH' GUY WHO TAKES 'TH' CITY NEWSPAPER, BUT AIN'T LOYAL ENUFF 'T' TAKE HIS HOME TOWN PAPER



ENJOY
THE FINER FLAVOUR OF
OGILVIE OATS

They Taste Better
They ARE Better

OGILVIE
MINUTE
OATS

IF IT'S
"OGILVIE
IT'S
GOOD!"

THE OGILVIE FLOUR MILLS COMPANY LIMITED

MRS. MINIVER

Adapted From The
Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer
Picture
By HALSEY RAINES

CHAPTER II

Carol Beldon looked prettier than ever, in her latest frock, at the Saffling Club dance that evening. When she passed by the table where Clem and Kay Miniver were sitting, she paused and said:

"I was rather looking for your son to be here."

"His present principles forbid such frivolity," said Clem.

"Oh, that's too bad," said Carol, eyes twinkling responsively.

"We give this phase a week or two at the outside," said Mrs. Miniver.

"I'm afraid that will be too late for me," rejoined Carol. "I'm going to Scotland tomorrow. I wanted to tell him I was sorry about this afternoon."

At that very moment, a waiter approached with a folded bit of paper. Carol took it wonderingly, opened it and read: "May I see you for a moment alone? I am waiting on the old boat landing, Vincent Miniver."

"A secret!" asked Mrs. Miniver, as she glanced up smilingly.

"I suppose it is," answered Carol. "Will you please excuse me?"

Vin was standing with folded hands and solemn mien as Carol approached. "Miss Beldon," he began, "I don't want you to think I'm going back on anything I said this afternoon, but I did express myself a bit emphatically. I hope you'll excuse me."

"There's really nothing to excuse," said Carol. "Everyone's entitled to his mode of expression. Besides, I was in the wrong anyway."

The sound of dance music swept down with the breeze, and she added, "I must get back. I promised this tango."

Vin felt an odd clutching fear. "Oh, I'm sorry," he said. "There's so much I wanted to talk to you about."

"You don't dance?" asked Carol politely.

"Well, yes, I do," said Vin awkwardly. "But I've rather given it up. I mean, frankly, is this a time for frivolity?"

"Is this a time to lose one's sense of humor?" rejoined Carol.

Ten minutes later, the Minivers, glancing casually across the dance floor, were astonished to see their sociological son dancing, quite oblivious to everything, with Lady Beldon's granddaughter. When the

couple parted, at the end of the evening, and Carol explained that she had to leave on a visit to Scotland the next morning, Vin asked permission to write. He couldn't himself analyze his interest in this girl of aristocratic lineage, but he felt a sense of frustration at the news that she was going away.

The weeks sped by. The news from the Continent was distinctly disturbing, but most keenly, Englishmen of upper, lower and middle class alike, regarded it not too pessimistically, as a storm signal that would in due season give way to clearing skies. Certainly there could not be another war so soon after 1918—not really another major conflict. And yet the element of doubt was constantly mounting. The crisis seemed close.

Sitting in the church pew next to his father and mother for morning services, Vin looked up in surprise at the elation as Carol came down the aisle with Lady Beldon, a trailing, chauffeur carrying a hymn book, Bible and blanket.

"She wasn't to have returned for another week," whispered Vin.

"Well, people like to be home in times like these," returned his mother.

During the singing of the opening hymn, the verges entered the church through a side door and came over to whisper to the vicar. The conversation continued after the last bar of music had sounded. Then the vicar rising solemnly, said:

"Will everyone please be seated?"

He looked about and after only a brief hesitation continued: "It has just been announced over the air by the Prime Minister that our country is at war."

There was scarcely any audible reaction from the congregation. Clem put his hand on his wife's. Other couples engaged in similar gestures. Clem and his wife exchanged meaningful glances.

"In the circumstances," went on the vicar, "I do not think you will want me to proceed with the service, as you will probably have other duties to perform. I will say merely this, that the prayer for peace still lives in our hearts, coupled now with the prayer for our beloved country. We in this village have not ruled in the past. Our forefathers for a thousands years fought for the freedom that we now enjoy, and that we must now defend again. With God's help and their example, we shall not fail."

For Toby and Judy the news was mysteriously exciting rather than malevolent. They had heard all kinds of rumors about what might happen if war broke out; as Clem came up the path from the church, Toby seized his arm and asked: "Are we going to be bombed, daddy?"

Others within earshot, who had mentally been voicing the same question, exchanged grave looks.

Foley, the affectedly gruff, rather grouse-colored individual, who had been hurriedly appointed Air Warden for the district, found himself sternly rebuffed in the first joint with

Lady Beldon, who had little use for the maneuverings of Downing Street. With the Minivers the situation was different. For Clem had immediately volunteered for river patrol duty, and co-operation need not be sought out.

The first drill was scheduled for that evening. As the family had gathered in the cellar, after trying vainly to console Gladys for the call to duty of her fiancé, Horace, a stamping was heard above, hurrying to the door, Clem found Foley there. He was rigged up with tin hat and canvas haversack, and he complained that the house was showing a light.

Rushing to the cellar like an alert bird dog, he pounced on a chair and put his flashlight on a grating just below the ceiling. Then he pulled over a wooden case to cover it.

"There!" he cried. "That fixes it. It's those tiny cracks that can do the damage! One man lightin' a cigarette in the cellar stands out like a beacon from five thousand feet up. One little crack 'o' light might lead the 'ole German Air Force straight to this house!"

Vin hurried away from the scene of Mr. Foley's dress review to see if he could offer any help at the Beldons' home. He felt a closer bond, with Carol, than ever before, although it had scarcely been delineated in actual words. When he had left her home, however, he had kissed her for the first time when he reached his own home he had arrived at a personal decision. His mother had expected it might come, but at least not so suddenly.

"Kay darling," said her husband, after Vin had gone upstairs. "I know it's hard, but you wouldn't care to have a son who didn't want to fight for his country?"

Mrs. Miniver seemed dry-eyed, but she was holding a handkerchief to her lips. "His country?" she echoed. "What's Poland got to do with us?"

"You mean it doesn't matter how much other people suffer so long as you don't?" interjected Clem.

"I didn't say that," returned his wife. "I'm all mixed up—thinking of Vin. But I didn't want it either. There must be thousands of German mothers who feel as I do, with sons just like Vin."

"Mothers, perhaps, feel that way," answered Clem. "But not many sons. The system doesn't allow for that."

He took her arm. "Well, there's not much sense arguing about it. As far as Vin's concerned, he's settled the matter for himself."

Mrs. Miniver put away her handkerchief in the pocket from which it had been extracted, and looking up affectionately, gave her husband a little grateful kiss. (To Be Continued)

Are Not Taxed

War Savings Certificates Do Not Come Under Head Of Income

Holders of government bonds will receive their full coupon interest, or, if registered, their full interest cheque, without income tax deduction at the source. But this income will be taxable when the taxpayer is making his final settlement with the government. War Savings Certificates, on the other hand, accumulate interest over a period of seven and a half years so that at maturity a bond which cost \$4 will bring \$5; but this increase in value is non-taxable.—Toronto Star.

Used To Atlantic

Small-Sized Freighters Came To This Country From Other Side

It is now revealed, says the Brockville Recorder and Times that nearly 70 St. Lawrence canal-sized freighters have been turned over to the Admiralty for salt-water service. If it be doubted that they are capable of such duty, it need only be recalled that most of these vessels, small though they are, were built abroad and crossed the Atlantic to this continent under their own power. Many of them are, moreover, larger than the small-type tramp steamers which ply regularly in ocean service.

There is more Vitamin C in the peel than in the juice of an orange.

Nazi speakers preaching Germany's cause in Swedish cities had to seek police protection.

DID YOU KNOW THAT:

A flower clock in Westmount, Quebec, is made up of almost four thousand plants. An Associated Screen "Did You Know" movie short explains that its purpose is to account time—and the motive power is supplied by parts from an old Ford car!

—Herald's courtesy Monetary Times, Toronto.

X-X OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE X-X

No. 4791 (Revised by The Bell Syndicate, Inc.)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12				13						14
15			16							17
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48								50		

HORIZONTAL

- 1 Poker stake
- 2 Sheet of glass
- 3 To disfigure
- 4 Clumsy fellow
- 5 Wolfhound
- 6 Part of "to be"
- 7 To boast
- 8 Solo
- 9 Chief of the Jungs (myth.)
- 10 Light refractor
- 11 Covered with hairs
- 12 To welcome
- 13 Picture
- 14 Malaysian canoe
- 15 Silverian river
- 16 Assie
- 17 This nail
- 18 Greek letter
- 19 Piercing
- 20 Famous murderer
- 21 Auxiliary
- 22 White
- 23 Commotion
- 24 Coolie valleys

VERTICAL

- 1 Wing
- 2 Conjunction
- 3 Guardian
- 4 Latin conjunction
- 5 French capital
- 6 Exclamation of despair
- 7 Slang; horse
- 8 Printer's measure
- 9 Former Romanian queen
- 10 Greek philosopher
- 11 Paper scraps
- 12 Assure
- 13 Plane surface
- 14 Object of dread
- 15 To jab
- 16 Long view
- 17 Deceitful
- 18 Unit of weight
- 19 To implore
- 20 Barks
- 21 Cereal grain seed's coat
- 22 Geometrical curve
- 23 Sandstone tree
- 24 Mexican river
- 25 Frozen dew
- 26 To irritate
- 27 Cured metals
- 28 Brown
- 29 Literary scraps
- 30 Mole
- 31 Ararat
- 32 Expectation of inquiry

Answer to No. 4790

DOWN
1. ACE
2. GLASS
3. DISFIGURE
4. CLUMSY
5. WOLF
6. BE
7. BOAST
8. SOLO
9. CHIEF
10. JUNG
11. LIGHT
12. HAIR
13. PICTURE
14. CANOE
15. SILVER
16. ASSIE
17. NAIL
18. GREEK
19. PIERCE
20. MURDERER
21. AUXILIARY
22. WHITE
23. COMMOTION
24. COOLIE
25. VALLEY

ACROSS
1. ACE
2. GLASS
3. DISFIGURE
4. CLUMSY
5. WOLF
6. BE
7. BOAST
8. SOLO
9. CHIEF
10. JUNG
11. LIGHT
12. HAIR
13. PICTURE
14. CANOE
15. SILVER
16. ASSIE
17. NAIL
18. GREEK
19. PIERCE
20. MURDERER
21. AUXILIARY
22. WHITE
23. COMMOTION
24. COOLIE
25. VALLEY

Wrapped to keep it pure,
full strength,
ROYAL never lets
you down...
Gives you bread
that's extra fine—
Smoothest, sweetest
in the town!



INDIVIDUALLY WRAPPED

HOME SERVICE

LUXURIOUS DRAPES TO MAKE YOURSELF



Swags, Cascades Easy To Sew

If you have yearned to treat your living room to really stunning draperies, this lovely triple-swag style is your chance.

For you can make it all yourself, inexpensively. The swags are easy, so are the cascades which smartly finish the corners.

You might make the main swag of luscious apricot saten, matching the side draperies, and the smaller swags of brown.

The main swag should be cut nearly twice as deep as it will be when folded and several inches wider than the window.

Cut the smaller one on the same plan, allowing of course for the smaller space to be covered. To shape swags, slant ends, then curve the lower edges as the diagram shows. Brown fringe makes a smart trimming. Stitch it on, then fold and tack swags to valance board.

Now—the graceful cascades. For each, take a 22-by-14 inch piece of fabric, snip off corner and pleat. Simple—lovely!

For details of making curtains, see our 32-page booklet. Gives diagrammed directions for swags, cascades, side draperies; for stunning styles in glass curtains, drapery-curtains and formal draperies, valances.

Send 15c in coins for your copy of "New Ideas in Making Curtains and Draperies" to Home Service Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man. Be sure to write plainly your name, address, and the name of booklet.

SMILE AWHILE

"Last time I called on you your husband was working for the Government. What's he doing now?"

"Nothing"—he still there.

"George, I minded that hole in your pocket."

"Thanks! How did you know it was there?"

"I hear," remarked Mrs. A., "that that nice young Mrs. B. got all her furniture on time payments."

"Yes," said Mrs. C., "she is feathering her nest with a little down."

Traveller: "What's the use of having a time-table if your trains don't run on it?"

Porter: "Now you're all excited. How could you tell they was runnin' late if you didn't have a time-table?"

"John, do you remember—it was in a storm like this that you declared your love for me."

"Yes, it was a terrible night."

A depressed-looking fellow strolled into the restaurant. A waiter bustled up.

"What will you have, sir? Some cold shoulder?"

"No, thanks; I had that this morning."

"Well, then, tongue, sir?"

"No, thanks. I'll get that to-night."

"I say, old man, have you change for a pound note?"

"Yes, certainly."

"Well, just lend me ten shillings of it, will you?"

He was extremely consoled and boring.

"It's a fact," he boasted to a girl, "that people often take me for a member of the Guards."

"Really?" drawled the girl. "Fire—shin—railway—mad—or black?"

Wife—Have a look at that cake I've made for my birthday party. Do you think that my sense of design is good?

Hubby (counting candles)—Yes, but your arithmetical's terrible!

Landlady: "I won't charge you for breakfast, seeing that you didn't eat any."

Boarder: "That's good—I couldn't sleep either."

Grocer—Do you want white or brown eggs, ma'am?

Bride—The kind I want are white with a yellow polka dots in the middle.

Neighbor: "Why on earth did you encourage your wife to quit playing the piano and start playing the clarinet?"

The Other: "Because she can't sing while she's playing the clarinet."

LADIES GROUP CONSERVE TEA AND COFFEE

Try Different Drink at Meeting

Neither coffee nor tea were served, as is the usual custom, at the quarterly meeting of the local Ladies Aid, but an excellent beverage was used, and the guests commented upon its delicious flavor. The president explained that the tea on tea and coffee was in deference to the request of the Government. Expressing satisfaction at the success of the experiment, the chairman said Postum—the beverage used—had taken less sugar than would have been used for tea and coffee. It had cost less than either tea or coffee and so was a saving to the treasury, as well as a saving on tea, coffee, sugar.

Whether it's a meeting of a society or a meal in your own home, Postum provides the easy way to conserve tea and coffee. Grand, heartening flavor—economical—so easy to make.



4 oz. size makes 80 cups

8 oz. size makes 160 cups

POSTUM

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Crisp and Tasty!

Satisfy those active appetites with good steaming-hot soup and a generous plateful of Christie's Premium Soda Crackers! They're always dependably fresh and so crisp and tasty. At your grocer's, salted or plain. Get the economical 2-pound package. Serve with soups, salads, spreads—any food or beverage.



Christie's
PREMIUM
SODA CRACKERS

Dave Anderson has returned from Prince Rupert.

Blairmore's stamp drive netted about \$400, which includes Frank.

Mrs. J. D. Little, of Edmonton, is visiting with her parents at Frank, Mr. and Mrs. T. Hewitt.

Joseph William Kennedy, three-month-old son of Mr. and Mrs. William Kennedy, of Coleman, died in Calgary on Saturday.

Tony Zak, of Kimberley, was in town on Wednesday, having accompanied his son Emil this far on the boy's way to Calgary, where he enters training for the R.C.A.F.

Prime Minister Mackenzie King promises definite consideration of suggestions by the Canadian Temperance Federation that the government appeal to Canadian citizens to curtail use of alcoholic liquors for the duration of the war.

B. P. McEWEN

Registered Optometrist
COLEMAN ALBERTA
Will make regular visits to Blairmore and Bellevue every second Thursday for the benefit of those needing new Glasses or Optical attention.

— See Mr. McEwen —
AT BLAIRMORE
at M. LITVIAK'S JEWELRY STORE
Next Visit September 17.

AT BELLEVUE
at HAYSON'S DRUG STORE
Next Visit September 24.

AMBITIOUS RELIABLE MAN

25 to 35, who is interested in permanent work with good income, to supply satisfied customers with famous Watkins products in Blairmore and Coleman. Write
THE J. R. WATKINS Co.
Winnipeg, Manitoba.

Local and General Items

The Editor will be glad to receive items for this section, regarding visitors entertained, parties leaving for holidays or short trips, bridge parties, teas, showers, presentations, anniversaries, etc. Phone items in to 11 or hand them in at The Enterprise office not later than Thursday evenings.

J. A. Howarth, of Coleman, has joined the Canadian Active Army.

For expert needlework see George Davidson, who guarantees to use no threads larger than a three-inch cable.

Lives lost by Hitler in his attempt to conquer Stalingrad appears to have been a poor investment. But his German race seems to tolerate his ally campaign.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Purdy, of Macleod, have been visiting with the latter's mother and the former's parents, Mrs. Madden and Mr. and Mrs. S. Purdy, at Lundbreck.

Mrs. R. B. Marchant has received word that her husband, who is with the 14th Army Tank Calgary Regiment Battalion overseas, has been promoted to the rank of sergeant. Roland took part in the Dieppe raid.

Revision of the sugar rationing regulations to allow consumers to buy four weeks' supply at one time has been announced from Ottawa. Sugar purchase vouchers for home canning will be available after September 20.

Miss Violet Currie, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. A. D. Currie, of Crossfield, is the new teacher at the Mountain school. For the past year Miss Currie has been on the staff of the Crofton House School for Girls in Vancouver.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Chardon were weekend visitors to Calgary.

An 8-ounce beer glass usually contains 7 1/2 ounces, anyway. Why such legislation?

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Zak, senior, have been visitors with relatives at Kimberley.

Fred Large, brother of R. R. Large, of Fernie, has enlisted with the R. C. A. F. at Vancouver.

Mr. and Mrs. Owen Morgan, of Saunders, arrived in Blairmore Wednesday morning to spend a few days with relatives and friends.

Rev. J. R. Schlater, of Toronto, has been chosen to succeed Rev. Dr. A. S. Tuttle, of Edmonton, as moderator of the United Church of Canada.

The death occurred at the home of Mrs. Ed. Ledieu, Coleman, on Monday last week, of Mrs. Zena Destobel, aged 71. Mrs. Ledieu is a daughter.

Women grow up, but men never do. In adult life, girls put away their "dolls." At that same stage of life, men start to take their dolls out.—Ex.

Rev. C. S. Pinder, of Nanton, formerly of Hillcrest, attended the United Church of Canada conference at Belleville, Ontario, representing the High River, Calgary and Red Deer presbyteries.

An air mail letter received last week by Mr. and Mrs. Harry Boulton, of Coleman, informed them that their son, Flight-Lieutenant Foss Boulton, had taken part in the Dieppe raid and returned safely to England.

The marriage took place at the United church manse, Coleman, of Mary, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Paul N. Potapoff, of Cowley, to Mr. John Filimek, of Blairmore. The young couple will take up residence in Blairmore, where the groom is employed.

A real estate salesman of West Texas had just finished describing the glorious opportunities of that part of the country. "All West Texas needs to become the garden spot of the world is good people and water," he said. "Huh," replied the East Texan, "that's all hell needs!"

George Derbyshire has been elected president of the Coleman Vets' Club. Other officials are: Jas. Hadley, vice-president; Alex. Easton, secretary-treasurer; W. Jackson, H. Houghton, W. Smith, R. Ferguson, J. Lowe, E. X. Hill, J. Nikituk and R. Parry, executive; and Harold Houghton as secretary of the Overseas Welfare Fund.

Safe arrival overseas of Capt. Milo B. Huffman, paymaster of the South Alberta Regiment, who recently left Calgary, is reported. Mrs. Huffman resides at 1341 Sixteenth Avenue west. He has two sons on active service, L.-Bdr. Bert Huffman with the R.C.A. overseas, and Bdr. Jack Huffman with a light anti-aircraft battery on the west coast. Milo will be remembered as one time connected with the staff of The Enterprise, during which time his dad, Bert Huffman, was a frequent correspondent to this paper and the daily press.

Tom Uphill, M.P.P. for Fernie riding, was in town on Tuesday afternoon, having accompanied his son, Lieut. C. Uphill, and several pals this far on the way to Petawawa and overseas. Cliff was given a real sendoff from Fernie, and before leaving the depot there pocketed a number of handkerchiefs that were saturated by tears from his young lady admirers. For some years Cliff has been in the employ of the East Kootenay Power Co., and for a while or the duration the company will miss a faithful and hardworking employee, who will no doubt serve as faithfully in military service.

Pete says Solomon had 300 wives and 700 porcupines.

Mike Wamock, of Fernie, has enlisted with the air force at Calgary.

Cliff Uphill, of Fernie, has graduated as second lieutenant at Gordon Head.

J. V. Rovers is chairman of the Salvation Army Red Shield campaign in the Fernie district.

Mr. and Mrs. "Teddy" Muts and three sons, of Vancouver, have been visiting with friends in the Vulcan district.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Beck, of Hillcrest, were weekend visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Hall—Staveland Advertiser.

Perdual A. Dunne, well known C. P.R. express man who died recently, was a brother of Mrs. J. C. Cormick, of Fernie.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Patterson returned last Sunday from a pleasant holiday spent in and around Vancouver and on the Island.

Twenty-five thousand acres of crop was destroyed recently in the vicinity of Shaunavon, Saskatchewan. Chickens and turkeys were killed and other stock badly injured by hailstones the size of hens' eggs.

John McAndrew, head of the Alberta First Aid has been holidaying in the Pass, and spent several days in camp on the North Fork. The company included "Jock" junior, Howell Powell and Cliff Millar. Returning, they claimed they didn't have a fish big enough to interfere with rounding corners on the road.

FOR SALE OR TRADE IN on a good car—A heavy team of horses, 5 and 6 years old. Can be seen at the Burnie Sawmill at any time.—F. M. HILL.

Miss Pearl McKenzie, the young lady who recently christened the Canadian Catalina flying boat at Vancouver, was born at Cranbrook, daughter of the late James MacFadden.

DENTISTRY

R. K. Lillie, D.D.S., L.D.S.
Graduate N. U. D. S., Chicago

HOURS:
Coleman—Morning 9 to 12
Blairmore—Afternoon 1 to 6
Evenings by Appointment
PHONES:
Both Offices 2272 — Residence 2282

The good natural whisky
King's Plate
CANADIAN WHISKY
13 OUNCES \$1.70
3.25 5.00
Jas. E. Ferguson & Son Limited, Vancouver, B.C.
PLEASE SAVE THE BOTTLE!
YOUR SAVINGS COMMITTEE WILL COLLECT.
This advert. not inserted by the Alberta Liquor Control Board, or the Government of the Province of Alberta.

NATIONAL REGISTRATION OF WOMEN IN CANADA

Sept. 14 to Sept. 19, 1942

THOSE WHO MUST REGISTER

All females born between January 1st, 1918, and December 31st, 1922, inclusive, who are not now in possession of Unemployment Insurance Cards Form 411 or 413 (illustrated below). Also all those who have such cards in their possession but who are not employed in insurable employment.

WHERE YOU MUST REGISTER

You must register at your nearest Selective Service Office (formerly the local Employment & Claims Office of the Unemployment Insurance Commission), or a location set up for your convenience. If you reside in a rural area, you register at your nearest Post Office.

THE DATE OF REGISTRATION

You may register at any time between Monday, September 14th, and Saturday, September 19th, 1942.

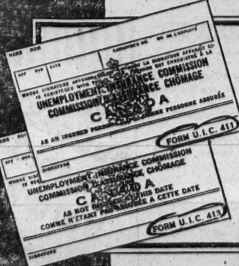
THOSE WHO NEED NOT REGISTER

Inmates of institutions such as hospitals and mental hospitals and members of religious orders. Those in possession of either of the two Unemployment Insurance Cards Form 411 or 413 (illustrated) and who are now employed in insurable employment.

NOTE: If you are now unemployed, you will be required to register. If you have an insurance book number or registration certificate U.I.C. 411 or 413 which you got when you were previously employed, bring it with you when registering.

ELLIOTT M. LITTLE
Director National Selective Service

HUMPHREY MITCHELL
Minister of Labour



It is now ILLEGAL to HOARD scrap steel or UNUSABLE machinery

The Steel Controller has ordered that, after September 15, 1942, no person may retain in his possession scrap iron or steel weighing a total of 500 pounds or more unless he has a permit.

(For the purposes of the new regulations, scrap metal includes machinery, structural steel, or any other article or commodity containing iron or steel, which is not serving an immediate vital purpose.)

The order also provides:

That anyone, coming into possession after September 15 of scrap iron or steel weighing 500 pounds or more, must dispose of it within 30 days.

That any person having a valid reason for not disposing of scrap metal as scrap metal or who believes that it can serve some essential purpose, must send in a report by September 15 to the Used Goods Administrator of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, London Building, Toronto. His report must reveal the exact description, quantity, and location of his scrap metal.

The provisions of the order do not apply to scrap dealers who are already subject to previous orders; nor do they affect metal fabricators and processors who are in legal possession of metal to be used in manufacturing.

A copy of the order, S.C. 16, may be obtained from the Steel Controller, Department of Munitions and Supply, Ottawa.

Infractions of the new regulations are subject to a fine of up to \$5,000, or imprisonment of up to five years, or both fine and imprisonment.

Department of Munitions and Supply
HONOURABLE C. D. HOWE, MINISTER

Chevrolet and Oldsmobile DEALERS

WE CARRY

PHILCO and WESTINGHOUSE RADIOS

and are Prepared to Give You First-Class Service

Grease - Oil - Gas - Anti-Freeze - Heaters

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